

### In today's ordan Times...

EWS hiti-cholera campa-particles: Page 3 iti-cholera campaign continues: Page 2 pulation policy for Jordan: Page 4 dat assails lawyers: Page 5 PEC hit by oil glut: Page 6 bastian Coe going strong: Page 7 K. nots degenerate: Page 8

# An independent Arab political daily published by the secon Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يوسية سيلسية تعدي بالمجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية "الراي"

Today's Weather

There will be another rise in temperature with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, northerly moderate winds and calm seas.

32 38

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Agaba 36. Sunset tonight: 6:44 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 4:39 a.m.

ne 6. Number 1707

AMMAN, MONDAY JULY 13, 1981 — RAMADAN 12, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia I 50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

SIDON, Lebanon, July 12 (Age-

ncies) — Israel today carried out

its biggest military operation aga-

inst southern Lebanon for

The attacks were concentrated

around the Meditrranean coastal

village of Al Nahme. 15 kil-

ometres south of Beirut, and the

nearby town of Damour.

Syrian minister says missiles will stay on

Israelis mount major

air raids on Lebanon

as Habib meets Begin

known victims.

gin were camping, they said.

Israeli attack came.

Security officials told reporters

they feared casualties would rise

because rescuers had already rus-

hed to the scene when the final

Palestinian commandos opened

fire with ground-to-air missiles

and anti-aircraft artillery but none

of the planes appeared to have

Habib meets Begin

After the meeting, Mr. Habib

told reporters: "It was a good

meeting with the prime minister

and my mission will continue as in

But a source close to Mr. Begin

The dispute blew up in April

when Syria moved anti-aircraft

missiles into central Lebanon, a

day after Israel shot down two Syr-

Israel has threatened to remove

ian military helicopters there.

said there had been no progress

towards solving the problem.

the past."

# 10lera cases reach 296, ath toll remains at four; igorous campaign on

AN, July 12 (Petra) - Another 74 cholera cases were repn Jordan in the past 24 hours, the Ministry of Health ann-I today. With today's cases the total number of people infected disease so far bas reached 296.

ording to the ministry, no more deaths occurred apart from the ses reported earlier, and the number of those visiting bospitals dera diagnosis has been reduced to half. So far 104 infected have been discharged from hospitals after having been comcured, a ministry statement said.

Cairo demands vaccination cards for travellers

unwhile, Egyptian authorities have demanded that all Joris travelling to Egypt should be innoculated against cholera, a

n Ministry announcement said in Amman today.

announcement said that the ministry today received a message he Pakistani embassy in Cairo, which looks after Jordan's its in Egypt, relaying a requirement by the Egyptian authorities ll Jordanian travellers to Egypt carry a valid international



Foreign Minister Marwan Al Oasem conferred here today with the visiting Foreign Minister of the Maldives Islands Fathulla Jameel (left). They reviewed bilateral relations, the Middle East issue and the Palestine problem. Also discussed at the meeting were issues pertaining to Israel's recent attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor and the Organisation

of Islamic Conference of which Maldives is a member state. Mr. Jameel denounced the Israeli attack as a flagrant violation of the international law and a threat to world peace and security. Mr. Jameel arrived in Amman earlier today on his way to

Sadat suggests Palestinians talk directly

# srael urges speedy renewal autonomy talks with Egypt

encies) - Israel called alks on granting so-called ly to Palestinians in the

Minister Menachem haired a meeting of the ial autonomy committee. s not known whether any on changes in Israel's were taken. -

the head of the Israeli he talks, Interior Minister urg, told reporters that id not wanted to renew ssions until after the June i general elections.

that the elections are mier Begin has called for stiations to start again," Burg, who is likely to conhis autonomy role in the ernment. He said an agrcould be reached by the ne year."

ırg said Mr. Begin would he United States of the ish to renew the talks next\_ hen he meets senior State ent official Robert Mcwho arrived in Israel

J.S. official would also elarifications on Israel's on the autonomy issue, g said.

progress has been made in momy discussions since ted in mid-1979 because s been willing to grant the ans only token self-rule. yptians have called for iging powers to be handed. he Palestinians in the Isripied Arab lands.

- ie talks, saying the whole ly plan is a trick to per-Israeli rule in the Arab

- Palestinians have boy-

icFarlane will meet Mr. omorrow and their diswill include the pos-

four F-16 fighters to Israel, susr the renewal in August of pended last month after F-16s were used in Israel's bombing of

Iraq's nuclear reactor. The United States said it was suspending deliveries while it checked whether Israel had violated a U.S. law restricting the use of military exports to defence purposes. Six more F-16s are due for delivery to Israel on Friday and Mr.

#### Court restrains Jewish settlements

TEL AVIV, July 12 (A.P.) — The supreme court has issued a restraining order on Jewish settlement building in the Israelioccupied West Bank on land claimed by six Arab villages, Israel Radio said today.

The order came after attorneys for the villages appealed to the supreme court to review procedures of the military gov-ernment in expropriating un-titled land in the West Bank occupied by Israel since the 1967 Mideast war, the radio said.

The villagers have asked the court to rule on the principle that allows the government to seize land in occupied Arab areas as state land when no title exists. In the appeal, the Arab villagers said that ownership of tracts of land surrounding their villages is dictated by tradition, and goes back many centuries, even when no official title exists.

The attorneys are also asking the supreme court to rule on the appeals procedures the military government has set up for disputed land claims in the area. Currently. Arabs are allowed to appeal a military decision to declare land state property, but, the appeals committee is part of the military government administration and cannot objectively judge the

'IED JERUSALEM, July sibility of resuming delivery of McFarlane was sent to reach agreement on the use by Israel of U.S.-supplied military equipment. But Mr. Begin has rejected a

suggestion that Israel would consult Wasbington before using American arms, Israel Radio said. Meanwhile in Alexandria Egy-

ptian Presdient Anwar Sadat has called on the Palestinians to negotiate directly with Israel. Speaking here on the third anniversary of his National Dem-

ocratic Party, Mr. Sadat said. "The Palestinians must go ahead and sit down with the Israelis to solve their (Palestinian) pro-

He proposed the talks be held at Al Arish in the Sinai and added: "When the Palestinians go to the negotiating table we will be behmd them and supporting them."

The Egyptian president also said an aim of his meeting with U.S. President Ronald Reagan, scheduled for early August, was to relaunch the peace process in the Middle East (including talks on Palestinian autonomy)."

Turning to the Soviet Union. Mr. Sadat accused that country of "pushing" Syria and the Palestinians towards a bardline position on the Middle East. "The Soviet Union is trying to make a comeback in the Middle East after baving been thrown out by Egypt," Mr. Sadat said.

Charging the Soviet Union with openly opposing real peace in the region, Mr. Sadat said Moscow had officially informed Egypt it planned to oppose creation of a United Nations' force to be stationed in the Sinai.

But there was "no problem" between Israel and Egypt over complete Israeli withdrawal from the Smai, Mr. Sadat said. He praised the recent accord worked out with the United States to create a multinational force in the

## hahi wants Indian air force to keep away

4BAD, July 12 (R) — A vords between India and over an arms build-up on -continent flared again th a Pakistani request for ir force to keep away from

ani Foreign Minister ahi made the comment instatement that said Isihad neither the intention h a war against India. is replying to statements

n Prime Minister Indira ast Friday that the sale of to Pakistan by the Unies would force the subt into an arms race. istani defence delegation

shington negotiating the of the planes and other a military equipment. iahi said India's air force rike capacity five times than the Pakistan air

ur hope, however, that in sphere of good neirelations and in response ion concerns. India will powerful air force as far possible from our frolr. Shahi said.

Mr. Shahr's statement was issued after a cabinet meeting attended by President Mobammad Zia ul-Haq that discussed domestic and external matters.

Mr. Shahi said Pakistan had economic and security problems not connected with India. He was referring to the country's border

with Afghanistan where 85,000 Soviet troops are stationed. We can only afford to think in

defensive terms and have no desire to acquire an offensive capability against any of our neighbours much less India." Mr. Shahi said. (Related story on page 8)

#### Indo-U.S. nuclear talks postponed

WASHINGTON, July 12 (Agencies) — Negotiations on nuclear cooperation between India and the United States bave been "unavoidably postponed," the State Department has confirmed.

It said that Assistant Secretary of State James Malone, originally scheduled to go to New Delhi July 14 and 15, could not do so because of obligations he had here.

Mr. Malone and Indian leaders were to have discussed the accord under which the United States supplies nuclear fuel for the American-built Tarapur nuclear reactor. Observers bere noted the postponement was announced the day after Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi denounced the recent

U.S.-Pakistani accord providing for \$3,000 million in U.S. economic aid and sales of military equipment to Pakistan. But a State Department official who asked not to be identified said the White House postponement of the U.S.-Indian talks had nothing to do with India and that Mrs. Gandhi had been informed of it before

she made her speech. The State Department also denied that the cancellation was a sign that the U.S.-Indian nuclear cooperation treaty, in force since 1963, was about to be dissolved.

## Yassin Ramadan's visit to Moscow

## helped better Iraqi-Soviet relations

KUWAIT, July 12 (R) — Iraqi First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan was quoted as saying his recent visit to Moscow was a step towards improving Iraq's cool relations with the Soviet

Mr. Ramadan, who visited Moscow last month, told the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Siyasa in an interview in Baghdad that the Russians were still friends. He said the latest cause of the

coolness had been the Kremlin's refusal to supply arms to Iraq after the Gulf war with Iran broke out in September last year. We do not know the Soviet

explanations nor are we satisfied with the explanations we hear that they are being neutral," he said. cow visit, which took place last country had not out the price of its of the lraq-lran war.

month; "It was a step forward, not all that was desired but an improvement, nevertheless?

"Given good intentions the visit could help better the relations." Iraq has a 15-year friendship treaty with the Soviet Union.

traq managed to obtain arms from other countries when Moscow stopped military supplies after the Gulf war began. The Soviet military intervention

in Afghanistan and the Iraqi govemment's policy towards the Iraq Communist Party were the other reasons for the coolness between Baghdad and Moscow.

Iraq cracked down on the communists after political unrest in 1978 and a number of communists were executed.

Mr. Kamadan also said that his

crude oil, adding that producers should instead reduce output to support prices.
"We follow the OPEC price,"

he told Al Siyasa.

He did not say what Iraq was currently charging for a barrel of crude, although a number of oil producers inside and outside the 13-nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) have lowered prices

But Mr. Ramadan said it was a great loss for the Arabs to cut oil prices when every producer ought to be lowering production to sup-

The minister also denied that the Baghdad government had

been compeiled to sell part of its gold reserves in recent months to

# Mitterrand meets Schmidt,

#### finds 'common language' The latest wave of Israeli attack on Lebanon came as Habib met Prime Minister Menachem Begin tonight in occupied Jerusalem in an effort to find a solution to Isrfurther strain their country's record budget deficn. ael's three month-old Lebanese The 38th regular Franco-German summit was missile dispute with Syria.

BONN. July 12 (R) - French President François Mitterrand, seeking to extend his socialist policies to the European Common Market, arrived today on his first official visit to West Germany. Mr. Mitterrand went straight into a private mee-

ting with Chancellor Helmut Schmidt expected to cover East-West relations and international economic affairs.

After the meeting with Mr. Schmidt, President Mitterrand told a West German television interviewer: "It was very easy to find a common language...we share essential objectives."

Mr. Mitterrand said it was wrong to describe Franco-German relations as "the Paris-Bonn axis" but he was confident that close cooperation between the two countries would continue and be dev-.

The president acknowledged that there were some differences of assessment between Bonn and the new Paris government on economic affairs. But France's socialist economic policies were necessary to bring the country out of a deep crisis.

be said. The French leader, who in 1976 founded a committee to campaign for human rights in West Germany, was accompanied by Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy and seven Socialist ministers, but he left the four Communist members of his government at

French government spokesman Michel Vauzelle said before leaving Paris that he hoped West Germany's left-liberal government would respond positively to the movement for improving working conditions and cutting working hours which Mr. Mitterrand has launched in France and wants to

extend throughout the EEC. The French government wants this done on the basis of formal agreements between employers and trades unions within what Mr. Mitterrand has cal-

led a European social area, Mr. Vauzelle said.

French Finance Minister Jacques Delors, one of the key men accompanying the president, was quoted today by the West German weekly news magazine Der Spiegel as saying he had found considerable agreement among EEC finance ministers for French ideas on the gradual introduction of a 35-hour working week in the Community.

So far, negotiations between employers and unions in Paris have produced agreement in principle to cut the working week from 40 to 39 hours immediately, but employers are strongly resisting a 35-hour week.

West German government sources said Mr. Schmidt would seek elarification of several points in the social plan for Europe which Mr. Mitterrand outlined at his maiden EEC summit in Luxembourg last montb.

The ambitious expansion programme which Mr. Mauroy presented to parliament in Paris last Wednesday contrasts sharply with the mood of financial retrenchment in Bonn, and West German ministers are anxious to avoid any measure which would

brought forward from October to enable France and West Germany to coordinate attitudes on the main economic and political issues likely to arise at the Ottawa summit of the seven major industrial countries later this month.

Both Mr. Schmidt and Mr. Mitterrand intend to tell President Reagan in Ottawa of the damage which high U.S. interest rates are doing to West European economies.

But while the tone from Bonn is likely to be conciliatory, Mr. Mitterrand seems ditermined to press home French demands for a rapid change in U.S. economic policy to avoid higher unemployment and a prolonged recession in Europe.

On the key foreign policy issues of relations with the Soviet Union and Western alliance nuclear strategy, Mr. Schmidt has already won more public support from Mr. Mirterrand than he enjoyed from his conservative friend, former French president Valery Giscard d'Estaing.

Mr. Mitterrand, in apparent contrast to other West European leaders, says restoring a nuclear balance in Europe is the first priority ahead of U.S.-Soviet talks on limiting the deployment of medium-range missiles.

#### Lightning sets ablaze oil tanker near Genoa

GENOA, Italy, July 12 (R) - At least two crew members were killed and four people were missing today after a bolt of lightning hit a Japanese oil tanker, causing a huge explosion and setting it ablaze, port officials said.

The lightning struck as the 59,000-ton Hakuyoh Maru finished unloading its cargo of Algerian crude at the Multedo oil refinery port near Genoa. Parts of the tanker hurtled into the air.

Eyewitnesses said the explosion followed a loud thunder. It shook the port, shattering windows of nearby buildings.

Many of the 31 crew, nearly all South Koreans, leapt into the water and were picked up port workers. Others were rescued from the blazing tanker. One of the first rescuers to reach the tanker said much of the bridge was sbattered and it was belching black smoke.

"You could see practically nothing for the smoke, but on the deck was the body of a sailor who had been flung into the air by the force of the explosion," Domenico Dagnino said.

The fire quickly spread through the ship but was bought under control and four nearby vessels were moved to safety.

One worker who helped unload the tanker's cargo was reported missing. Port officials said a number of injured had been taken to hospital, including crew members, firemen and dock workers.

according to security sources. over the area, numerous fires were burning. Officials leading the res-does not produce a peaceful solcue operation said the casualty toll

was likely to rise well above the 25 Meanwhile, Syrian Delence Minister Mustapha Tlass has The raids started at 4:45 p.m. vowed that Soviet-made SAM-6 (1445 GMT) and lasted about 100 missiles will remain in Lebanon minutes, State-run Beirut Radio despite Israeli threat to destroy said a Palestinian camp at Deir the anti-aircraft batteries, state-Az-Zaharani, further south, was controlled newspapers reported

months, launching a series of air

raids on Palestinian camps that

left at least 25 dead and wounded,

also struck, Evewitnesses said the first wave Our missiles are in Lebanon to of six jets attacked Damour and stay and to defend our troops." three further waves followed, con-Mr. Tlass was quoted as saying in a centrating their fire on Al Nahme, speech Friday night to Syrian peawhere a refrigerator factory was cekeeping troops in the northern set ablaze, Lebannn city of Tripoli. "Any thr-Rockets also fell on waste groeats do not scare us...in fact, we und where nomads of Syrian ori-

> Mr. Tlass, a lieutenant general who is also deputy commander-in-chief of Syria's armed forces, congratulated the Syrian troops on shooting down unmanned Israeli reconnaissance drones and for successful fighting against the tails of Zionism and imperialism in Lebanon," a reference to right-

are the ones causing fears to oth-

wing Falangists. The security sources said that in Syria has said it has shot down the confusion some local people eight Israeli drones since the misreported an Israeli parachute lansile crisis with Israel erupted in ding but what they saw turned out late April. Israel has conceded los-

to have been parachute bombs. ing only four. Mr. Begin has repeatedly said The crisis was spawned by nea-Israel reserves the right to hit Palrly 10 weeks of fierce artillery estinian strongholds despite U.S. duels between the Syrian army, in special envoy Philip Habib's pre-sence in the Middle East. Lebanon under an Arab League mandate to uphold the 1975-76 civil war armistice, and rightist

> militias. Mr. Tlass also visited former Lebanese president Suleiman Franjich, a pro-Syrian leader whose "Giants" militias is engaged in a blood feud with the Falangists, in the mountain resort of

> Zghoria. The government daily Tishrin newspaper which carried Mr. Tlass's comments also said in a commentary that Mr. Habib's mission was linked with reports that Israel and Egypt would soon resume talks on Palestinian autonomy under the Camp David formula, which Tishrin referred to as a "conspiracy."

Under the cover of Habib's mission, the United States wants now to try again to get by with the autonomy (scheme)." Tishrin

#### Alpha-66 confirms plot to kill Castro

M1AM1, July 12 (Agencies) -Alpha-66, a Cuban exile group based here, has said here that five of its members had been arrested in Cuba for plotting to assassinate President Fidel Castro. The arrest of five anti-Castro

Cubans, said to have landed on the Caribbean island and July 5, was announced earlier in Havana. "We know they are our men." said Humberto Perez, who des-

operations for Alpha-66. "This isn't going to stop us." In Washington, a State Dep-

artment spokesman said he knew of no connection between the reportedly arrested men and the govemment of the United States.

The Federal Bureau of Inv- regime.

estigation (FB1) stated that an inquiry would be opened to see whether there had been any violation of the neutrality law which prohibits American citizens from becoming involved in foreign politics. A spokesman said the FBI had been informed of the arrests but had no comment to make

Last January FB1 agents arrcribed himself as chief of military ested seven Cuban exiles off the coast of southern Florida in a boat loaded with weapons and explosives. Alpha-66 said at that time that the seven were headed for Cuba to carry out anti-Castro activities. The group's avowed purpose is to overthrow the Castro

#### Polish journalist warns of world war

WARSAW, July 12 (R) - A leading Polish journalist said today there could be a third world war if force was used to try to solve the Polish conflict.

Stefan Bratkowski, the head of the Polish Union of Journalists, told a press conference: "Poland is not a small country, nor are its people small in courage."

He said the hardships the Polish people were suffering had not yet led to major unrest, "but the situation is tense, and friend and foe should realise that." Use of forces to settle the situation here could lead to "the scenario

of General Hackett," a reference to a book compiled by British Gen. Sir John Hackett laying out a scenario for a third world war. Mr. Bratkowski said that if the Polish experiment succeeded, it would strengthen the leftist movement in the whole world. "If it fails,

it will lead to long-term domination of rightist forces in the world." Poland could be a laboratory for reform of the whole socialist

system, be said, but this did not mean that the Polish experience could be directly transplanted to other counries.

# Anti-cholera campaign continues

# 150 stores closed in Zarqa

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) — The cabinet today heard a report from Health Minister Zuhair Malhas on the health situation in the country and the government's precautionary measures to contain the recent outbreak of cholera in Jordan.

Early TriStars for Alia

AMMAN, July 12 (J.T.) — Lockheed California Company has

agreed to advance to September 1982 the delivery date of the fifth

TriStar to Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, according to sources

at the airline. The aircraft was originally scheduled to be delivered

Lockheed earlier had agreed to advance the delivery of the first

According to the new agreement, the TriStars will bave been

received within the span of 12 months, starting September 1981.

be gradually phased out or converted to freighters, the Alia sou-

The modern aircraft will replace the aging

. Koran

.... Cartoons

News in Hebrew

Documentar

News in English

and second TriStars to September and October 1981, res-

The government's measures included the closing up of more tban 150 commercial establishments in Zarqa for failing to meet health and public safety standards, according to Zarqa District Officer Salem Al Qudah.

Teams from directorates of Public Security and Civil Defence are currently conducting a campaign to destroy vegetables and egumes grown in about 3,500 dunums of land along the Zarqa River basin, because they had been watered from waste waters, Mr. Oudah said.

The public safety committee in Zarqa is also confiscating livestock found within the municipality boundaries. The animals will either be slaughtered or moved to other uninhabited areas. Amman Governor Yahya Al Musili today issued instructions to

all administrative officers to work round the clock, including official and weekly holidays.

He also requested them to set up committees of school reachers and students, as well as members of sports clubs and youth centres, to conduct cleanimess campaigns and to submit to the Amman govemorate daily reports on their

Mr. Musili also announced that owners of trucks used to carry waste from cess pits must place their vebicles at the disposal of Amman Municipality three days a week at fares to be fixed by the municipality. Vehicles not abiding by these instructions will be confiscated, the instructions said.

Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani today issued instructions to mayors and heads of municipal and

village councils throughout the country to carry out campaigns to eliminate stray dogs and wild animals in their regions. He also instructed them to take measures for establishing quarantine centres for animals and to allocate the necessary funds to fight rabies.

In Irbid, the governor ordered the destruction of vegetables and other crops grown near waste water, around the Irbid refugee camp and in the village of Kufr Assad in the Irbid Governorate.

Tubeishat said that the cleanliness campaign is continuing in the city alongwith the spraying of insecticides and the sterilisation of

In Karak, the public safety committee today ordered the closure of two auto carwash stations because they bad no pools to absorb the waste water.

Io Salt, eight stores selling meat, sweets and refreshments were closed alongwith 19 stores in the .Baq'a refugee camp for their unsanitary conditions.

### Imports rise

Irbid Mayor Abdul Razzaq

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) — Jordan's imports increased last year by JD 130 million over 1979 figures, according to a statistical bulletin released by the Department of Statistics, It said Jordan imported products worth JD 716 million last year in comparison with JD 586 million in 1979.

Among countries exporting products worth more than JD 10 million to Jordan last year were the following: Saudi Ara-bia, JD 114.1 million: West Germany, JD 71.2 million: the United States, JD 61.6 million; the United Fingdom; JD 55.6 million; France, JD 51.7 million; Japan, JD 51.3 million;

### 'remarkably'

Italy, JD 45.5 million; Spain, JD 15.3 million; Greece, JD 15.2 million; Holland, JD 14.3 million: Yugoslavia, JD 14 miltion; Romania, JD 13.8 million and Taiwan, JD 12.6 million. The bulletin said imports

from certain countries showed remarkable increases, when compared with figures for 1979. French exports to Jordan, it said, increased by 92.2 per cent. Imports from Greece rose by 43.4 per cent, those from the United States by 41.6 per cent, Japan by 37.5 per cent, Taiwan by 35.5 per cent, Holland by 26.5 per cent, the United Kingdom by 23.3 per cent and Italy's exports to Jor-dan rose by 18.2 per cent.



Hijra emblem adopted

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) - Prime Minister Mudar Badran today instructed all government departments and official institutions to adopt a design approved by the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) as an emblem of the 15th Islamic Hijra century. A statement by the prime minister's office said the emblem

(photo) should be used on all publications and stationery of mioistries, other government departments and official ins-The emblem was approved by the conference of Islamic foreign ministers and the OIC general-secretariat recommended that it be

used by all Arab and Islamic states throughout celebrations marking the 15th Hijra century.

The caption reads: "This, your nation, is one natioo."

# New labour law to pass after Eid Al Fitr holiday



Dr. Jawad Al Anani

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) - A .ourers, give the Ministry of Labdraft for a new labour law will be submitted to the cabinet for approval after the Eid Al Fitr holiday, Minister of Labour Jawad Al Anani announced here today.

Addressing a press conference, Dr. Anani said a special committee is currently drawing up the final draft, which will tackle loopholes existing in the currently enforced labour law.

greater sector of agricultural lab-

our the right to open employment offices in various regions of the country and to force institutions employing at least 50 labourers to employ handicapped people who have been rehabilitated after rec-

eiving vocational training, he said. Handicapped labourers in such institutions should constitute two per cent of the total number of employees, Dr. Anani said.

According to the new law, lab-The new law would benefit a ourers working on holidays should receive an extra 150 per cent pay.

It also provides for a better occupational environment and better facilities to ensure the labourers'

According to Dr. Anani, the new law offers better provisions for working women upon end of service or termination of service because of marriage or giving birth to children.

The new law also stipulates that priority in employment should be given to Jordanian and Arabs over

### **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

Bonn to finance industrial school

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) - West Germany has agreed in principle to help Jordan construct an industrial training school south of Amman, the director general of the Ministry of Education, Mr. Thilmi Ra'fat, announced here last night. Speaking upon returning here from a five-day visit to the West German state of Baden Wurttemberg, where he held talks on the project with officials there, Mr. Ra'fal said that the West German state has agreed in principle to grant Jordan DM 7 million and to ask the Federal government in Bonn to make available an additional DM 3.5 million for the project, expected to be completed by 1985. The Ministry of Education has plans for constructing the school which would give training to 500 students, and the details of project were discussed with the German officials, Mr. Ra'fat said. Follow-up talks are scheduled for October this year when a draft agreement for the project will be worked out, he added. Under the agreement, he said, West Germany will supply all equipment and tools for training Jordanian instructors and will dispatch five German specialists to work at the school for four years.

#### Poor areas to have sewerage network

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) — The Amman Water and Sewerage Authority today decided to link the area of Jabal Al Zubour, King Faisal Street, Al Sa adah Street, Al Ridba Street, Al Hashimi Street and Al Shabsough Street with public sewerage oetwork. More than 390 landowners will benefit from the project.

#### Journalists' team off to Baghdad

AMMAN, July 12 (J.T.) - A deleganoo of Jordanian journalists left today for Baghdad to attend an international conference discussing last month's Israeli air attack on the Iraqi nuclear plant and to take part in celebrations roarking the thirteenth anniversary of the July 17 revolution. The delegation, led by Jordan Press Association President Mahmoud Al Kayed, includes association members Fahd Al Rimawi, Hassan Al Tal and Khaled

#### NCC approves Agaba pier loan

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) — The administrative and financial committee of the National Consultative Council (NCC) today held a meeting, chaired by its chairman, Dr. Khaleel Al Salem. The committee recommended endorsement of an agreemeo between the government and the Islamic Development Bank to finance part of an industrial pier in Aqaba.

#### 12 merchants fined for supply violations

AMMAN, July 12 (Petra) - The military court bas fined twelv-Jordanian merchants JD 60 each for violating Ministry of Supply regulations. The military governor today eodorsed the sentences

#### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### Exhibitions

Painting exhibition entitled "Orientalists and Contemporary Art', at the Jordan National Gallery in Jabal Luweibdeb.

 An exhibition of photographs to promote friendship among peoples, at the Soviet Cultural Centre, near Third Circle in Jaba Amman.

A students' art and handicrafts exhibition at Ajloun Secondar School for girls in Ajloun?

# ANTIMES DAILY GUIDE

#### JORDAN TELEVISION CHANNEL 3

Library Children's programme
3:00 Arabie series
3:50 Arabic series
4:15 The Five Adventurers
4:35 Arabic series
5:30 Comedy
6:00 Religious programme
7-00
7:00 Programme preview
7:25 Local programme
8:00 News in Arabic
8:30 Arabic series
9:20 Arabic series
10-10 A service ALAURE SCIRES
10:10 A special programme on
Iraq
11:00 News in Arabie
11:30 Arabic play
CHANNEL 6
6:00 French programme
7:00 News in French
The manufacture is a series of the series of

# RADIO JORDAN

11:05 ... News summary in Arabic

10:15

855 KHz AM & 99 MH
FM
.7:00 Sign o
7 iu Morning Shor
7:30 News Bulleti
7:40 Morning Show
19:00 News Headline
10:03 Morning Sho
10:30 30 minute Theatr
11:00 Sign of
12:00 News Headline
12:03
13:00 News Summar
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulleti
14:10Instrumental
14:30 30 minute Theatre
15:00 Concert Hou
16:09 News Summary
16:03Instrumental
16:39Old Favourites
17:00 Country Music
17:36 Pop Session
.18:00 News Summary

18:03 ..... Meo from the Ministry ..... Sports Round-up 19:00 . News Desk (News bulletin Press review, News Reports) . Evening Show News Summary 21:03 .. Evening Show 21:57 .... News Headlines .. Close down

Doeing /U/ fleet to

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 630, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Washington Square 04:45 Notes from an Observer 04:50 Book Choice 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours; News Summary 05:30 Peebles' Choice 65:45 The Other Clubs 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Talking About Music 07:00 World News; 24 Hours; News Summary 07:30 Country Style 07:45 Short Story 08:00 World News 08:10 Reflections 08:15 Music from Scotland 08:30 The Adventures of Harry Richmond 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 Notes from an Observer 09:20 Goods Books 9:35 Interlude 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 The Madrigal 10:15 The Other Clubs 10:30 Clayton's Amusement Arcade 11:00 World News: News about Britain 11:15 One in Teo 11:30 Lord Peter Wimsey: The Nine Tailors 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Brain of Britain 1981 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours; News Summary 13:30 Country Style 14:15 Good Books 14:30 Rock Salad 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 The Adventures of Harry Richmond 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News 17:16 Paperback Choice; Adventures 17:35 Book Choice 17:45 Sports Roondup 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Alistair Cooke's American Collection 19:00 Outlook; News Summary; Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Peebles' Choice 29:00 World News: 24 Hours; News Summary 20:30 Sports International 21:00 Network U.K. 21:15 Europa 21:30

Rock Salad 22:00 World News

22:10 The World Today 22:25

Book Choice 22:30 Financial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Roundup 23:00 World News: Commentary 23:15 Washington Square 23:30 America, Europe and

#### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, Pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses, 17:30 Dateline 18:0 Special English: news, feature "The Leaving Earth" 18:30 Country Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comtoents, analyses.

#### **AMMAN AIRPORT**

ARR	IVALS
7:40	Cairo (EA)
8:45	Cairo
ð:55	Adaba
9:20 ·	Датаяськ
9:30 ·	Jeddah
9:40	Kuwait
9:45	Muscat, Dubai
9:50	Doha Bahrain
9:55	Beirut
10:00	Dhahran
10:05	Abu Dhabí
11:40	Cairo (EA)
13:35	Larnaca
14:25	mmmmmm Moscow (SU)
15:20	Belgrade (YU)
15:30	Kuwait (KT)
15:35	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
16:00	Tripoli, Benghazi
16:30	······ Čairo
17:00	Banekok
17:15	New York, Amsterdam
17:55	Cairo
18:00	London
l9:00	Cairo (AE)
19:45	Paris (AF)
20:00	Beirut (MEA)
23:40	Cairo (EA)
C3:55	Baghdad
01:00	

DEPARTURES:

Frankfurt (LH) 07:00 07:00 08:55 Cairo (ÉA) Rome (IA) Beirut (MEA) 10:30 ... Larnaca New York, Amsterdam 11:00 11:10 ... Athens . Cairo 11:45 Brussels 12:00 12:15 . Madrid Frankfurt 12:20 Geneva, Zurich (SR) 12:30 Cairo (EA) 15:25 Moscow (SU) 16:30 .... Kuwait (KAC) 16:35 Medina, Jeddah (SV) Benghazi, Tripoli (LN) 19:20 ..... Dhahran 19:30 19:45 Baghdad ..... Cairo Cairo (EAI Abu Dhabi, Dubai .. Cairo (EA)

#### **CULTURAL CENTRES**

American Centre	4152
British Council 3	6147-
French Cultural Centre	3700
Goethe Institute	4199
Soviet Cultural Centre	4420
Spanish Cultural Centre	2404
Turkish Cultural Centre	3077
Haya Arts Centre	6510
Al Ilimate Mante Citate	0317
Al Hussein Youth City	6718
Y.W.C.A	41793
Y.W.M.A	
4	0.44
Amman Municipal Library	3611
University of Jordan L	ibran
2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	

SERVICE CLUBS
Lions Philadelphia Club. Meeting every second and fourth Weinesday at the Grand Palace Hote 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meeting every first and third Wednesday the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.3
p.m. Rotary Clab. Meetings every The rsday at the Intercontinent Hotel, 2.00 p.m.

#### MUSEUMS

tings every Wednesday at the Hol-

iday lan. 1:30 p.m.

EMERGENCIES
DOCTORS:
Nabeel Muraidi 238/38356 Abdolrahman Al Najjar 75050
Zerqa: Musbab Al Hajjawi
rbid: 2001
PHARMACIES:
Al Salam
Zarqa:(]
rbid:(—)
AXIS:
M Kbayyam
U Nahda 63006
Bashar 71329

American Centre 41520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 65195
Al Hussein Youth City 67181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 64251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
University of Jordan Library
843555/843666

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wed- nesday at the Grand Palace Hotel
1.30 p.m.
Lions Amman Club. Meetings
every first and third Wednesday at
the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30
p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Thu-
rsday at the Intercontinental
Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Mec-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

sdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of

#### paintings by 19th Century ori-entalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel.

### **PRAYER TIMES** . 11:41 . 3:22

## **EXCHANGE RATES**

LOCAL

Lebanese pound	98.5/98
Syrian pound	55/56
lraqi dinar	724.1/73
Kuwaiti dinar	1183.3/1187
Egyptian pound	394 <u>.3/3</u> 9

•	U.K. sterling	638.4/64
	W. German mark .	138.2/13
	Swiss franc	162/163
	Italian lire	
	(for every 100)	27.6/2
1	French frane	57.8/5
	Duich guilder	124.3/12.
	Swedish crown	65.3/6 <sup>©</sup>
	Belgium franc	84 4/8
	Belgium franc	
1	(for every 100)	147/143
	- , _ ,	
		1

Qatari riyal

UAE dirham ......

Omani riyal .....

968.3/97

#### **USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

Ambulance (government)	75111
Civil Defence rescue	61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency)	37111-3
Police headquarters	39141
.Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English	spoken)
24 hours n day for emergency 2111	1, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 9228	05/92206
Jordan Television	73111
Radio Jordan	
Firstaid, fire, police	199
•	

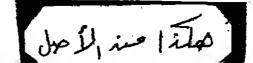
Cablegram or telegram .... Telephone: Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls. Telephone maintenance and repair service

Fire headquarters.

#### MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes		8
Eggplant		7
Potatoes (imp	orted]1	4
Marrow (sma	II) I	2
Marrow (large	e)	7(
Cucumber (sr	nall)	8
Cucumber (Is	rge),	Q,
Faggous		ī
Peas	············ 3	å
Okra (Green)	)	ġ.
Okra (Red)		ur Air
Mulaukhiyah	441)1-1841-1641-1441-1441-1441-1441-1441-144	2
Hot Green Pe	pper	7
Cabbage		N
Onione (deu)	, 11 - 11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1	CHANGE !
Carlie	***************************************	7
LOURINGS (1605)	4) 1·	4

Grape leaves Apples (African, Japanese Apples (American, Chilean, Red) ....... 460 Apples (American, Chilean, Green) .... 430 Apples (Double Red) ...... Apples (Starken) ..... Water Melons Plums (Red) Plums (Yellow) ...... 150 Cherries Lemons Oranges (Valencia, Waxed). Oranges (Waxed)..... 180



Text and photos by Mohammad Ayish Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The 60-year-old sweets shop still stands in the heart of downtown Amman "firm against competition from modern confectioneries". Its long-time owner and operator, 65-year-old Mohammad Ali Manha has been working in the same place for more than 40 years.

Not only does Mr. Manha boast of having the oldest sweets shop in Jordan he also says that he is proud of the "role" his con-fectionery has played during its

six-decade history.
"My family came to settle in Salt 120 years ago from Nablus in the West Bank, and my gra-ndfather was the first to establish a sweets shop in Jordan," the grey-haired Mr. Manha said. He added that after his grandfather's death, his father "inberited" the sweets industry and moved to Amman, where be settled in the present location of the confectionery which Mr. Manha is still operating.

Despite the small size of the fordanian population in the 1930s, Mr. Manha said that busness was briske then than now und the sweets were of very quaity. He added that there was little heating in the sweets husiness hen, because "people did not now how to cheat, and they used ) fear God greatly.

He cited the examples of "Bal-awi" margarine or Nahulsi chese as some of the few ingredients hose quality has not suffered as a sult of cheating.

The low demand for sweets me 40 years ago due to the small pulation did not harm the husess, according to Mr. Manha. We worked less in the past, but e was cheaper and simpler than

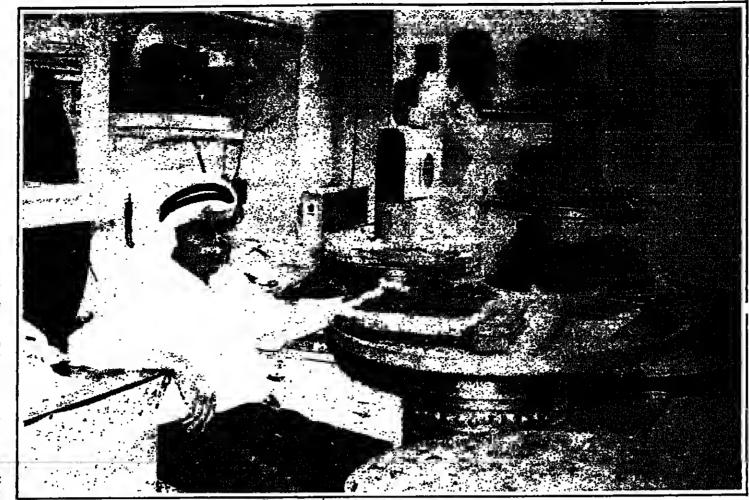
it is how," he recalled.

Sweets produced at Mr. Manha's shop are the same items the shop used to sell 60 years ago. Mr. Manha said that people used to offer kinaja during weddings -one big plate of that cost only half a dinar. "Twenty big plates (sidr) of kinafa cost about JD 10, and they sufficed for more than 300 guests," the veteran sweets dealer

But as women got "more lazy" and society progressed, people began going to the big restaurants to huy "sweets plates" for wed-dings, and the bill usually runs to over JD 300, according to Mr. Manha.

I nough contectioneries have mushroomed in Jordan in the past 10 years, Mr. Manha's has remained almost the same, because, he claims, satisfaction has been the policy of his shop since its estahlishment 60 years ago. He added that he and members of his family run the confectionery themselves; they do not depend on external labour. But that does not mean that his shop is losing ground to higger ones in terms of cus-

Sweets sold at Mr. Manha's shop include Kinafa, Baqlawa, ghouraybeh, Ma'maul and Qatayef — all are purely Arabic, Mr. Manha says he has never made any non-Arabic sweets at his shop, because his customers are used to



# Mohammad Ali Manha: 40 years with sweets

huving Jordanian items, and never ask for foreign varieties.

Sweets produced at Mr. Manha's shop have even played a role in historic Jordanian occasions. Mr. Memba rinies that when the late King Talal got mar-ried in 1934, his shop added to the pleasure of the celebrations by distributing free sweets to thousands of people who trekked to downtown Amman to watch the king make his way from Al Husseini Mosque to Raghadan Palace on a white horse.

The mood was festive that day. and I remember we made lots of sweets to celehrate the occasion," Mr. Manha said. He added that his shop also contributed to the celebrations launched at the birth of

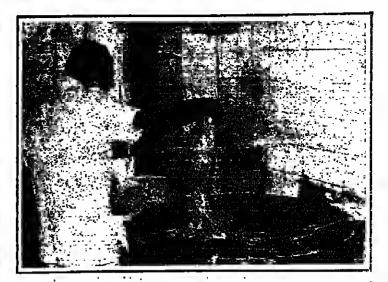
His Majesty King Hussein. After more than 40 years in the sweets business in Jordan, Mr. Manha says that the corrent market is satisfactory, except for the fact that not all products are genuine. He repeated that the proliferation of confectioneries in Jordan has made the husiness accessible to everybody who would ture of Mr. Manba's father. The lke to be a sweets maker, no matter what his capabilities are.

Meanwhile, Mr. Manha said, the expansion of the husiness has provided customers with a wide variety of sweets to choose from, not only Arab varieties but also

The sweets shop run by Mr. Manha seems to transcend its significance as merely a place for selling sweets. Entering the place, a visitor is confronted by a big picscale used to weigh sweets for customers is a collector's item, more than 70 years old.

"I hope the place can remain here, and be run by one person in the family, and never mind what the other members want, "the 65-year-old sweet dealer said.

"This husiness is very dear to me and my tamily, and I will work hard to make sure it is maintained and run by the same family that started it," he concluded.



Kinafa is still hand-made at the shop with the same materials and methods as nf old.





Portrait of Mr. Manha's father on the shop wall ...

# of Jordan **National Gallery**

FERES



**ELLERMAN CITY LINERS** 

From UK & North Continent To Agaba

من بريطانيا وشمال اوروبا الف العقبة

DUBLIN

22.6

ELLESMERE

(Liverpool)

ألسمير الينربيلها

21.6

gets Debre original

MMAN, July 12 (J.T.) — French Ambassador laude Harel (left), today presented Princess Vijdan Ali (third from right), president of the Royal Society of Fine Arts, with an Olivier Dehre sainting of Petra.

The painting was done by the French artist durng a visit to Jordan in March of this year. At the

Fortnightly Service

MALTRANS SHIPPING AGENCIES

ELLERMAN/

**Full Container Vessels** 

MY OLE SIF V.02

MV METEOR V.02

Tel: 66085 - 63914

Telex: 21043 MTRANS JO

. General-Agents

بواخرالناويات

time of his visit, Mr. Debre took part in the French Contemporary Art Exhibition, which was held at the Jordan National Gallery. in cooperation with the French ministry of culture and the Royal Society of Fine Arts.

Mr. Dehre dedicated his Petra painting to the Jordan National Gallery to enhance its collection.

ايلهمان سيقي لاسينون

ANTWERP

24.6

شركة مالترانس للوكالات الملاحية

هاتف: ٨٥.١٦ ـ ١٢٩١٤ تلكس: ١٠٤٢ مترانس جو

AQABA

العقية

9.7

22.7

ايْن شش نيتلص

# Al Hussein Society: a home disabled children hate to leave By Dina Matar

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - For the first time in Jordan, six physically handicapped teenagers have completed a two-year training course at Al Hussein Society for the Welfare and Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped in

But though the graduates accepted their certificates proudly in the first graduation ceremony of its kind ever beld in Jordan, each started to cry, because they knew that the real challenge had begun.

The society has been their home for so long, and some of them have not known any other.

The graduates, four girls and two boys, had undergone training for two years at the society's new residential centre in Amman. They were trained in sewing, embroidery, weaving, the manufacture of artificial flowers, switchboard operation, painting and music.

Their work is now proudly displayed at the centre, and the girls are ready to turn out dresses to rival the work of world-renowned world outside, because they know deep down in their hearts that Jordanian society is not going to accept them as it would other human beings. Jordan is still not ready to offer job opportunities to the handicapped, and these six young people are now facing the threat of permanent johlessness and inability to support the-

Al Hussein Society is the only one of its kind in Jordan. It not only offers training to its students. hut also helps them feel at home

society's activities have broadened. There are now 22 res-

out-patients receiving daily care the Jordan Times, "and I try to set and treatment. But no matter how much this accept more children at this centre offers to these children, stage. Jordan is still a long way from giv-

ing the handicapped their due. According to statistics, there are about 6,000 physically handicapped in Jordan, and most do domestic atmosphere.

But now it can barely meet the increasing demands of the 22 boaidents at the centre, most of wbom are under 16; and another 10 so expensive." Mrs. Kawar told certain standards here. I cannot

> At the centre, the children receive physiotherapy in a specially equipped room, general education and vocational training in a happy

The centre aims, through its rehabilitation work, to enable each handicapped person to become integrated into the community. Mrs. Kawar said, "With a little encouragement from the as yet reluctant society, miracles could be worked, and the han-dicapped would become more independent."

telephone switchboard operation.

The children are kept occupied as much as possible. Mrs. Kawar explained that this helps them forget their disabilities and, at the same time, develop their personal talents.

One of the girls, who has been at the centre for the long time, sat for the tawjihi examination this year. and now she is anxiously waiting for the results.

Mrs. Kawar, who has been working in this field for 20 years, treats the children as she would treat her own, and the fame she has acquired through her dedicated work has attracted many handicapped people from all over Jordan.

Now, 150 such children are on the centre's waiting list, but not all could be accommodated, because the centre is already filled to cap-

The 22 residents of both sexes have their own beds and closets. And the hathrooms are fitted in such a way that every one can

manage without external aid.

The ever-increasing expense of

running the centre has caused

some nerve-wracking problems

for Mrs. Kawar, who has been

running from place to place trying

to get donations. She is optimistic

She says, "We might be able to huild a new centre for about 100

children with aid from the Queen

In an effort to help other han-

despite the problems.

Alia Fund by next year."

dicapped children in the country. Mrs. Kawar spends a lot of time visiting their families. Of course, there's a limit to what she can do on her own.

The attitude of parents with handicapped children is still appalling, she says, and their tendency to reject them makes the problem worse.

As a rule, the centre does accept children with multiple disabilities. This is to make sure that they have better chances to learn and beeome self-reliant.

With the constant care and affection they receive at the centre. the children steadily improve. Most of them have become so attached to the place and to Mrs. Kawar that they call her "Mama". Some of them have become so emotionally vulnerable that they cannot face the hostility of society outside, Mrs. Kawar said. "It is really hostile. People have not learued to accept or respect the disabled, they are just pitied."

This attitude has made the children frightened to face the world. One of the graduates, 18-year-old Nasim Awad, spends his time wondering if he will ever be aceepted as an ordinary human being. He has spent quite a long time at the centre, and his parents have got used to the idea of his being

Nasim has been trained as a telephone switchboard operator, and he can manage very well by himself. But, as he moves around on his wheel chair, his despair can be felt by anyone. It does not stem from his being handicapped, but from the prejudices of society.

No matter how active the centre is, it is only a drop in the ocean. The problems start when students

As Nasim says, "I wonder when the time will come when we feel that we are the same as anyone else, no matter whether we can use our legs or not."

## CORRECTION

A photo credit on page 3 of yesterday's Jordan Times incorrectly attributed the pictures of the fashion show "Jordanian Fashion Through the Ages" to Suzanne Zu'mut-Black. The photos were by Youself All

Al Hussein Society for outside. But the students the Welfare and Reh- have no doubt they will abilitation of the Phy- have problems with accsically Handicapped does eptance, Dina Matar repits best to prepare its chi- orts. ldren to cope in the world

not even have crutches to help them walk.

Most physically handicapped suffer from polio or muscular dyscountries. Yet they are wary of the trophy, both crippling diseases. On the other hand, some people' hecome handicapped as a result of accidents.

> Mrs. Nazili Kawar, head of Al Hussein Centre, says, "People should become more involved in the rehabilitation of the bandicapped. Feeling sorry is not enough; people should have to go out of their way and help the handicapped." Al Hussem Centre, however,

does its best. With financial aid from the Ministry of Social Development, the Ministry of Health and the Queen Alia Jordan Wel-Since the establishment of the fare Fund, it is attempting to upgnew residential centre just off the rade its services and admit more in Amman, where they learned

Everyday, the children follow a scheduled programme. Besides the rigorous daily physical therapy which is carried out either in groups or individually, the children are taught as individuals. The 22 students are divided into two class groups, equivalent to the fourth and sixth elementary grades, where lessons are carried on regularly. A qualified teacher sent by the Ministry of Education handles both classes, and another comes in the afternoon to give them piano

The children have also been taking flower arrangement classes,. and their work has shown that they can do as well as normal children.

Some of the older children were sent to the Hotel Training Centre

#### FOR SALE

1981 Toyota Carina Stn. Wgn. Low mileage — duty free. JD 1800 o.n.o

Call: 811345 Ext. 8

المهادًا صدر الأحول

### Who's responsible?

WHILE ONE commends the government for its intensive efforts to combat the spread of the current cholera epidemic, one also wonders: Why can't the crash clean-up programmes now being implemented be continued throughout the year? One also wonders: If inadequate or unimplemented sanitation services are one cause of the recurring cholera scare in Jordan, isn't it about time that some officials or departments in charge of these deficient services were held accountable for their poor performance?

One only has to turn on the television set every night to witness a catalogue of frightening cases of poor public services throughout the capital region. In some rural areas, the situation is often far worse. It is easy for the media to highlight the failures of the public sector to meet basic human needs throughout the country. What is far more difficult -- and what is demanded now from the country's decision-makers -is to institute changes in the pattern of accountability of public office holders so that incompetence cannot be forever disregarded, and so that criminal negligence cannot be allowed to contribute to the kind of misery, and even death, that we encounter in cholera epidemics such as the one we are now passing thr-

When this epidemic passes, we would do well to remember all the television films we are seeing this month and ask our public officials: Who is responsible for this? Or will we simply wait for the next cholera epidemic, and more deaths, and only then remind ourselves that the problems of society are largely man-made, and therefore our problems could be averted if those in responsible positions were forced to do their jobs adequately?

#### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'L: Philip Hahih's mission points to the fact that the United States is trying to interfere in the internal affairs of Lehanon on the pretext of solving the Lebanese crisis. This fact is supported by reports that Hahib will make a proposal to solve the Lebanese crisis, by his meetings with several Lebanese political figures and by the strange statement in which he claimed that the so-called "missile crisis" is linked to the internal Lebanese crisis.

This statement indicates that the U.S. envoy intends to use the issue of the missiles as a means to facilitate his intervention in the Lebanese crisis, overlooking Begin's confession that the whole missile issue was artificially provoked in the first place and was brought about by Israeli belligerence.

It is noteworthy that Hahih's presence in Beirut was accompanied by Israeli air raids over the area north of the Litani River in what could be interpreted as an Israeli threat to the Lebanese that they have no alternative but to accept Habib's proposals and acquiesce to U.S. intervention.

U.S. moves on the Lebanese arena cannot be viewed outside the context of U.S. practices in the entire region. It is these practices which resulted in the Camp David accords and which continue to attempt to widen their range. The above-mentioned reports indicate that Lebanon is the next target of such attempts, since this would further the interests of Washington in the region.

AL DUSTOUR: Yesterday was the anniversary of the 1973 Ramadan War, and we marked it with a shame and silence hardly befitting the anniversary of a war which destroyed the theory of Israeli security and taught Israel that its only guarantee of security is Arab consent to peace with it, rather than expansionism, occupation of Arah lands and maintaining land and water barriers with the Arabs.

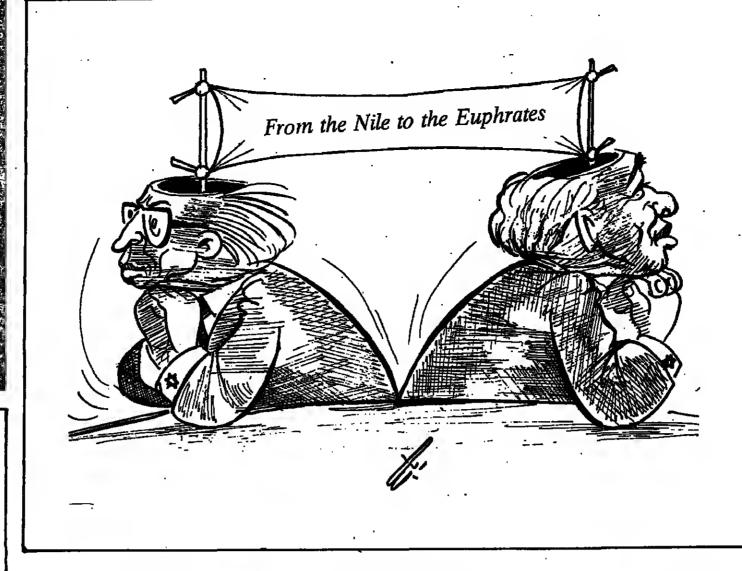
The anniversary passed, as if it was not the commemoration of the battle which destroyed the myth of eternal Israeli technological superiority, which Israel was trying to indelibly plant in the consciousness of every Arah

The ironic tragedy, however, is that all these values, which were forged by the blood of Arab fighters during this month of martyrdom have been inverted by the Egyptian regime, which conspired to turn this war into the last battle between us and the invaders.

Such a state of affairs would not have been objectionable had a just peace been in sight, and had the edge been taken off the aggressive tendencies of the Zionist invaders and had their policy based on military conquest been changed.

The harren years which followed the glorious Ramadan war witnessed a series of disasters and sethacks and the enemy continued to persecute the Arabs inside the occupied territories, while idle talk about the Camp David accords and the farce of the autonomy talks continued in Arah political circles, undisturbed by the threats and attacks directed against us hy the enemy.

It is time we made an honest return to the starting point and put an end to despair, resolving that what the enemy forcibly usurped from us can only be regained by force.



# Americans plan Vietnam memorial, while government neglects veterans

By Robert Trautman

WASHINGTON - Plans for a privately-funded memorial to 57,692 Americans who died in Vietnam are going ahead here while many living Vietnam vctcrans complain that they are neglected by the U.S. government.

Veterans groups are praising the memorial, which will be built with private donations, as an effort toward national reconciliation over the most unpopular war in

But the groups also point out that the monument will do nothing to help the serious health and emotional problems which thousands of servicemen brought home from the seven-year war. Of the Americans killed in Vie-

tnam, 47,192 died in battle, and more than 10,000 more in accidents and from other causes. The memorial, to be on land

donated by Congress near the Lincoln Memorial, has the support of both the so-called "hawks" who backed the war and the "doves" who opposed it. One and \$1.5 million has alr-

eady been raised towards the \$7.5 million memorial, which will not take the form of a majestic structure or carry sterling phrases of noble causes.

It will, instead, consist of a pair

of 200-toot (67 metre) long black granite walls. On them will be cared the names of the war dead,

Construction of the memorial is scheduled to begin later this year. Completion is scheduled for November, 1982.

But an official of a major veterans group fighting for benefits for the three million men who served in Vietnam says that does nothing for their battle to win medical rights in connection with the fig-

hting. Mr. Kenneth Berez, members' director of the Vietnam Veterans of America, told Reuters in an interview that "Agent Orange" and the "Post-Vietnam Syndrome" remained problems.

Mr. Berez said Congress has now agreed that harmful effects from the herbicide Agent. Orange, used widely as a defoliant in Vietnam, were service-connected, and men who suffered them are eligible for government-paid tre-

used to approve disability compensation for Agent-Orange-related ailments, which, he said, ranged from rashes to

kidney and liver diseases. Some doctors think it may also cause genetic deficiencies.

20 million kilogrammes of Agent coming home from other wars. Orange were used in Vietnam to

clear areas for attack. But the department also says

iod. 35 million kilogrammes of the defoliant were used in the United States for agricultural purposes, The veternas groups are also seeking support of the "Vietnam

that during roughly the same per-

outreach" programme -- 91 veterans offices in storefronts throughout the country, away from Veteran Administration (VA) offices, which, Mr. Berez said, Vietnam veterans distrust. He said President Reagan wan-

ted to cut the store front centres, but lobbying by veterans groups and a Vietnam caucus of congressmen has won a two-year rep-The centres are staffed by psy-

chologists and others to help veterans combat the "Post-Vietnam Syndrome," as well as steering them to other benefits for which they are eligible. Mr. Berez explained that Vie-

tnam veterans needed the centres But, he said. Congress has ref-

He said the veterans see the Va as part of the establishment which sent them to war, but which refused to treat them as partiots when they returned, as other The defence department says American soldiers were treated on

Mr. Berez said that, and a sense

that the United States had a lack of commitment to winning in Vietnam, contribute to the so-called Post-Vietnam War Syndrome.

Soldiers were sent to Vietnam as individuals instead of in unitsand only for a year instead of the duration of the war. Thus, he said, they often suffered the stress of simply trying to stay alive until their 12 months were up.

When soldiers returned home to be discharged, there was little counselling for them - no "disengagement" period to readjust to civilian life, Mr. Berez said.

And the soldiers, had to face families and friends who had been inundated with anti-war news, he said, adding that some wounded veterans told people they had been hurt in car accidents so they would not have to discuss Vietnam. The government, Mr. Berez

said, must address itself to the problem, which has manifested itself in veterans beginning anywhere from two to 10 years after the war's end.

That manifestation shows up in feelings of alienation, disregard for self, high rates of divorce and often in suicide. And a memorial with names chipped in it, he said, is not enough.

REUTER

# DE FACTONOMICS A population policy for Jordan Part 1

By T.A. Jaber

ONE OF OUR BASIC contradictions in development planning and in economic polcymaking is the absence of a concrete population policy, while, at the same time, we consider population, manpower or bnman resources as the most valuable asset that Jordan has. Faced with such inherent contradiction, development planners usually have one, or a combination, of the following answers.

 The absence of a population policy is a policy in itself. I believe that this position is evading the issue. Population problems are there in our daily lives and we cannot simply forget about excessive urbanisation. geographical distribution, satisfaction of peoples. basic needs, labour migration, population growth and the resulting dependence rate, women's role in the society, labour shortages or unemployment, population data, family planning, spacing... etc. Such issues cannot be left entirely to the market forces but rather definite guidelines should be proposed and included in our development plans. The absence of a population policy is no answer but simply a contradiction and comes as a result of diverting our priorities to large scale proiects rather than being issue-oriented.

development from different angles and uses the same chapters and projects to respord to any alternate viewpoint. Whatever the opposing argument is, the planner would say: "We have it in the plan." Whether it is emphasis on our people's hasic needs, or social development, or dispersion of projects in the various locations where the people may continue to work and reside, or questioning about our population policy, the answer is clear. What about these chapters and projects on education, health, water and sewerage, roads and others? Don't these stand as

2. The other answer is the fam-

iliar one, which looks at our

answers to all of these questions and, may be, to some others? They may be, but still we don't have in our policy, an integrated social development plan, a satisfactory approach towards assessing basic needs.

3. A third position refers to

the cultural and religious obstacles that may face any clear-cut population polic this position, though it look to be more convincing tha the previous ones, still pre judges the type of population policy which Jorda may adopt and prejudge the reaction of Jordania citizens towards it. It furthe assumes that a population policy would be formulate behind closed doors an imposed from above, which is not necessarily the cas Accordingly, it does no stand as an acceptable ju tification for neglecting major issue related to o basic wealth -- the po ulation policy. The population question

not a theoretical one that c be left aside. It is not also be ond the thinking of the avera citizen, though his ideas abo it are less sophisticated. In 1 Ministry of Labour, we ha managed seven seminars population education with f ancing from the United N: ions Fund for Population A ivities and in cooperation w the International Labour Or anisation. These seminars we addressed to workers, en loyers and labour unionis Our lecturers were top so clalists from the universiti the civil service and the prive

sector. Participants in each semin took an active part in the d cussions and were very in erested in population matte In every seminar the following question was raised by the pa ticipants: At the end of ti seminar, what do you what to believe in? Is it populati control that you are advocati or what?

I take this and similar qu stions as an indication of c cirizen's interest in, and av reness of, population matte It relects the need for a n ional population policy. \ should not fail to think of or

# Third World gets help at the bargaining table

Poor and inexperienced Third World negotiators are frequently at a disadvantage when bargaining with multinational companies. Arnold Fransdorff reports that the United Nations is helping to even the balance. .

TO SIT ACROSS the negotiating table from a multinational company can be an intimidating experience -- especially for a greenhorn. With their vast trans-national experience, and heavy-weight legal support, multinationals can frequently tie up contracts which the other party soon considers less than fair,

Such is the problem facing many Third World countries, whose emergence as industrial nations usually necessitates a measure of involvement with outside companies which are often more sophisticated - and shrewd - than themselves. Most of the people who negotiate with multinationals on behalf of Third World countries "are pretty bad," says Gustave Feissel. "In most cases the person at the top, usually the chief minister, is the only competent individual. Below him few people are any good and one man cannot do everything on his own." Mr. Feissel, a U.S. national who was educated in Paris and New York, is unusually well-placed to make such a judgment. He mans a United Nations programme which has provided many developing countries with free advice on how to negotiate with multinationals.

His programme forms part of the activities of the U.N. Centre on Transnational Corporations, which is better known for the work it is doing on trying to get universal agreement - still at least a year away -- on a code of conduct for multinationals and the host countries in

which they operate. The centre has been mandated to provide governments with technical co-

operation in an effort to strengthen their ability to deal with multinationals. "Unfortunately governments wait until a quarter to midnight to decide that they need us," says Mr. Feissel.

He quotes the extraordinary case of a Third World country in Asia whose goverament wanted to investigate whether it had any petroleum and/or gas reserves that could be exploited. The government had been app-

roached by a U.S. company with a suitably impressive New York address. After a session of negotiation, a contract was drawn up giving the company exclusive exploration rights. In the event, the company, which tur-

ned out to be nothing more than two individuals in a Fifth Avenue office, subsequently sold the contract to a third party, over whom the host country had no choice and little control. According to Mr. Feissel this is not an

isolated incident. Such "contracts," drawn up in haste and without proper legal advice, are widespread across the developing world, he claims. The type of contract drawn up is fre-

quently inappropriate, he argues, the financial arrangements are invariably unfair, and the host country's control over the project (and its implications) is

The scope of the U.N. centre's technical co-operation programme covers the provision of advice and the organisation of training programmes. The advice can cover the formulation of policies, laws and regulations affecting foreign participation, as well as assistance in dealing with specific arrangements with multinationals.

These can include a wide range of subjects -- ownership and control, transfer of technology, transfer pricing, joint ventures, licensing arrangements, management contracts and production sbaring agreements.

The centre's advisers are not permitted to assist at the negotiating table but staff back-up can be provided in preparation for negotiations with mul-

In terms of the volume of business between developing countries and multinationals the centre's activities in this area barely scratch the surface, but Mr. Feissel is confident that the service will grow rapidly. Since the technical cooperation scheme was started nearly four . years ago the centre has dealt with 188 advisory projects from 56 countries.

Nearly a third (55) were completed or initiated during the last reported year to March 1980. Of these, nearly a half were in response to requests from African countries, 17 from Asian countries, 12 from South American countries and two from one European country.

To carry out the work, the centre, which occupies modest premises away from the U.N. headquarters in New York, employs seven full-time advisers and another eight consultants on retainer. These are supplemented by a group of high-level experts who are engaged on an ad hoc basis.

Examples of recent projects related to policies, laws and regulations include missions to two African countries. In one. case the centre's advisers made recommendations for the more effective control of that country's mining interests and in the other, assistance was given to evaluate the possible incidence of transfer pricing in selected sectors.

In the latter case, the advisers also analysed existing tax laws and regulations, reviewed their adequacy in controlling abuses and made recommendations for monitoring transfer pricing practices.

On specific projects, the centre has, for example, recently undertaken several major missions to a poor Asian country where advisers have helped finalise the development of a sponge iron project; assisted in negotiations for joint ventures in the pulp and paper and fertiliser and petrochemical industries; and helped in the choice of alternative project financing in the development of a country's food industry

An indication, perbaps, of the success of these missions is contained in an annex to the centre's last annual report, which contains a list of responses from 'kshops attended by some 1,700 governments to specific cooperation programmes.

The other arm of the centre's technical co-operation programme - training consists of organising workshops on the regulation of, and negotiation with, multinationals.

Thw workshops also deal with specific sectors, such as mining or fisheries, and specific technical issues, such as disclosure and transfer pricing. They are organised at regional or national levels and are held, usually, at venues in developing countries.

Over the past four years, the centre has held more than 43 training wor-

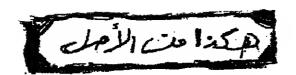
ticipants from more than 75 countr The centre's technical co-operat services, which come free to U.N. me ber governments, are financed mol from voluntary contributions and m eys diverted from United Nations D elopment Programme sources. To d some \$3.8 million has been received pledged from six countries -- West C many, the Netherlands, Norway, S

den, Switzerland and the U.K. The cost of advisory services ran from \$4,000 to more than \$20,0 while the cost of training workshops r ges from \$15,000 to \$70,000. Financial Times News Feature



"Now don't commit yourself to anything"





# ladat assails Egyptian lawyers or opposing treaty with Israel

EXANDRIA, July 12 (R) — Pre-Int Anwar Sadat has accused the ptian Bar Association council of impting to defame Egypt's repion with its campaign against the ce treaty with Israel and said he ıld ask parliament to investigate the e and make the outcome public.

e association accused the government last h of attempting to dissolve its council because opposition to the peace treaty.

e council and opposition groups have arr-I special programmes to be broadcast in Wason on the eve of Mr. Sadar's arrival on a state o the United States next month showing that ituation in Egypt is deteriorating and res-"as that of pre-revolutionary Iran.

ney want to show the Americans that Egypt

under Sadat is the same as that of Iran under the last days of the Shah," the Egyptian president said. Mr. Sadat also said he would attempt in talks with President Reagan to give a new push to the Middle

East peace process. Addressing members of the ruling National Democratic Party Mr. Sadat said Israel and Egypt respected the Camp David peace treaty and had implemented it in good faith.

Mr. Sadat said the Palestinian problem remained a crucial issue. He insisted that there should be an end to Israeli military rule on the Jordan West Bank and Gaza Strip to enable the Palestinians to decide their own future.

The president criticised the Arab countries for opposing the peace treaty and the Camp David accords which he claims set a framework for peace in the Middle East.

He said he would like to see a rapprochement with the rest of the Arab countries if they resumed relations with Egypt.

# LO will step up military action gainst Israel, Arafat aide says

RUT, July 12 (R) — A Key in the Palestine Liberation nisation (PLO) said in an intw published today that the visation was trying to get Sovapport for its confrontation Israel and the United States. :. Hant Al Hassan, political

er to PLO leader Yasser at, told the English-language ly "Monday Morning" that LO would concentrate on

.ury action instead of dip-

"This is not the time for peace initiatives.... my hope is that the Soviet Union will discuss with us the development of the confrontation with Israel and the United States, as it is doing with the Syrians," he said.

was wasting its time if it hoped to

persuade the PLO to recognise

Israel in return for U.S. rec-

lomacy during the coming year.

Mr. Al Hassan said Washington

ognhion of the PLO. He also said that if the new French government adopted a more pro-Israeli stance, the PLO would try to persuade Arab countries to cut their trade with Fra-

"We will ask Saudi Arabia, Iraq and Kuwait to take stern economic measures to confront any French submission to Israeli pressure," Mr. Al Hassan said.

# iring squads kill 9 leftists in Iran

OON, July 12 (R) - Nine leftists were executed n today, according to the state radio, as revnary courts maintained a death-dealing craon opponents of the government.

: broadcast monitored in London said four rters and a member of the so-called "Mon-(hypocrites) movement went before a firuad in the Caspian Sea resort of Behshar, a

onally left-wing stronghold, on charges of I rebellion against the state. nafeqin is the official term for the radical nedin Muslim guerrillas, whose supporters earing the brunt of the spate of executions he downfall of President Abol Hassan Bani-

other four accused men were shot in the sh provincial capital of Sanandaj after being ted of cooperating with rebels fighting the I government for self-rule.

executions in Sanandaj followed the asstion yesterday of a pro-government religious and his son in a guerrilla raid on their house

Hundreds of left-wing supporters have been arrested and more than 100 have been executed on the orders of revolutionary tribunals since a massive bomb blast killed more than 70 leading politicians of the dominant Islamic Republican Party (IRP) on

The attack was blamed on "American grouplets."

Revolutionary prosecutor-general Ali Qodussi yesterday issued a tough warning to leftist groups and their supporters, threatening more executions and saying that anti-state protestors and strikers would be severely dealt with.

Iran's revolutionary leader, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, last week ordered judicial authorities to take a strong line against dissidents.

Tehran newspapers yesterday reported the arrest of Mr. Fatollah Bani-Sadr, a brother of the deposed president, on charges of working for the coordination office for Cooperation of People and Pre-

This is a banned organisation which had sought to build grass-roots support for the former leader. An "Arabian Nights" dream comes true

# The Sohar makes it, just like Sinbad did... 1,200 years ago

PEFING, July 12 (R) — An Arab dhow, the Sohar, has arrived in the south China city of Canton after a seven-month, 6,000-mile voyage to test the legendary route of Sinbad the

Captained by British adventurer Tim Severin and sponsored by the Omani government, the dhow left Muscat on November 23 to follow the route said in " 1,001 Arabian Nights" to have been taken by Sinbad 1,200 years ago.

Using only replicas of ninth century navigation equipment, including a compass made of small tablets strung on a cord, the Sohar reached the peart river port of Huangpu (Whampoa) earlier this month.

Arafat ends

Libya visit

BEIRUT, July 12 (R) — Pal-

estine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) leader Yasser Arafat has

left Tripoli after a brief visit to

Libya, the official Libyan news

He arrived in Tripoli on Fri-

day night from Belgrade where

he held two days of talks with

agency JANA said.

Yugoslav leaders.

The 14 crewmen - eight Omanis, four Britons,

an Indian and an American -- were welcomed at an official ceremony in Canton yesterday by Mr. Huang Zhen, minister in charge of cultural relations with foreign countries.

The New China News Agency said the dhow was escorted into dock at Canton by a Chinese naval vessel. Firecrackers lit the sky and a traditional lion dance was performed to Chinese and

fibre and tree without a single nail, was built by Omani craftsmen in traditional style.

via India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia and Singapore.

Omani navy on July 15 for transport home.

Arabic music. The dhow, its planks held together by coconur

Powered only by sail, the Sohar survived several storms as it followed the old maritime silk route

Captain Severin, who once sailed a cowhide boat from Ireland to North America via teeland. will tomorrow take the Sohar down the pearl river to Hong Kong, where it will be handed over to the

## 4 Palestinian commandos appeal for POW status

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, July 12 (R) - An Arah lawyer today appealed to Israel's supreme court to stop military court proceedings against four Palestinians charged with killing six Jewish settlers in the occupied West Bank last year.

Mr. Darwish Nasir filed the petition after a military court in Nablus ruled last week that it had the authority to try the Palestinians on charges of killing the settlers in an ambush in Hebron on May 2.

The supreme court is expected to discuss the appeal next week. Mr. Nasir told the court that the defendants should be recognised as prisoners of war. Such a status, he has told reporters, would give them immunity from prosecution in an Israeli military court.

### France assures Kuwait on investments

Claude de Kemoularia made the

KUWAIT, July 12 (R) - France has assured Kuwait that its proposed nationalisation of major French firms later this year will not affect foreign investments in the country, a Kuwaiti govemment spokesman said today.

Aden expels Eritrean leader

DAMASCUS, July 12 (R) - asked to leave the country, the South Yemen has asked the rep- sources said. No reason was given. resentative of the Eritrean Liberation Front-revolutionary couneil in Aden to leave the country within 48 hours, front sources here said today

Mr. Dakhalah Azaz, the front representative in Aden was detained for a time yesterday and

Mr. de Kemoularia, who visited Kuwait last weck at the start of a The spokesman told reporters Gulf tour, said the new adm-

Hamad.

The sources said South Yemen had closed the front offices in Aden a year ago and banned any political activity by the office.

Eritrean guerrillas have been fighting Ethiopia for the independence of Eritrea province.

that French presidential envoy inistration of socialist President Francois Mitterrand would conassurance when he met Kuwaiti tinue to protect foreign inv-Finance Minister Abdel Latif Al

estments in France.

## **OAPEC urges OPEC** to unify oil prices

Ali Ahmed Atiga, secretary general of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) today urged oil exporting countries to unify prices.

He told a news conference that a recent decision by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to cut output was a good opportunity to mop up the existing oil surplus in the intemational market.

An OPEC meeting in Geneva last May decided on a minimum 10 per cent reduction in oil production to stablise the world oil market in terms of supply and pri-

Dr. Atiga is in Ahu Dhahi to attend the first meeting of the Arab Petroleum Engineering Company (APECI, which the Kuwait-hased OAPEC decided to establish a year ago.

The United Arab Emirates September.

ABU DHABI, July 12 (R) - Dr. (UAE) petroleum minister. Dr. Mana Said Al Oteiba, told the meeting that APEC will help in the transfer of technology to the

Arab World. The UAE, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Oatar and Libya have each contributed 12 per cent of APEC's capital of \$20 million with Algeria and Syria paving tour per cent each.

The Saudi-based Arah Conipany for Petroleum Investment holds eight per cent of the equity of APEC, whose paid-up capital is \$12 million.

Arab oil producers have plans to spend billions of dollars developing their oil industry and APEC, based in Abu Dhabi, is expected to help them in this, officials said.

Dr. Atiga announced that an OAPEC committee of oil ministers from Bahrain, Libva and Algeria will meet in Algiers next

#### Share raised in Jordanian firm

JEDDAH, July 12 t.J.T.) — The council of executive directors of the Islamic Development Bank decided at its 50th meeting here to raise the bank's share in the capital of the Jordan Fertiliser Industry Company by 1.730 million Islamic dinars thearly \$960,000.)

Also at the meeting, the council approved 12 new projects to be implemented at the cost of 595.158 million in Algeria, Bangladesh, Senegal, North Yemen, Pakistan, the Cameroon Republic, Syria, the Maldive Islands, Niger and Dji-

#### **JOB VACANCY Balfour Beatty Construction Co.**

Experienced Sri Lankan/Indian typist for international company. Live on site at Ghor -

Applicants to: **Balfour Beatty** P.O. Box 926852 Amman-Jordan

### NOTICE TO MR. FEITHPESTER

Since you have failed to report to work for the past two weeks neither at our J.V. partner's (Kumch) nor at our offices you are required to report at our offices and hand over the company car (Mercedes, plate No. 37212) immediately.

> **Managing Director Al-Dhefaf-General Contracting** and Trading Co.

#### FOR RENT

urnished apartment, consisting of two bedrooms. salon, two bathrooms, garage and an independent entrance, with garden, located in Shm eisani.

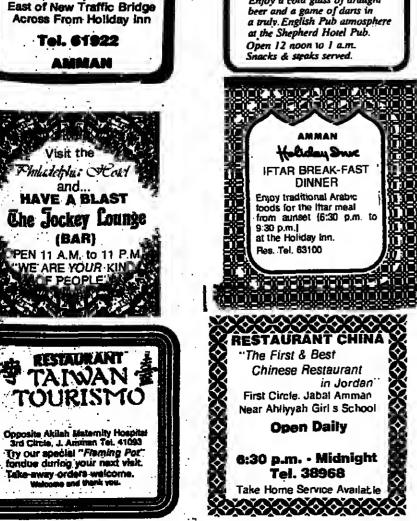
A centrally-heated, unf-

Please call Tel: 65711, 64256

## **RESTAURANTS & BARS**







Enjoy a cold glass of draught

# TRANSPORTATION



**NATIONAL** 

RENT-A-CAR

TEL. 39197-8

FOR YOUR AIRFREIGHT,

HOUSEHOLD REMOVAL

CONTACT US FOR A

QUOTATION.

TLX. 21547 P.O. BOX 926499

TEL. AMMAN 64128-9-30

AQABA 2135

**JORDAN** EXPRESS CO. **PACKING & CRATING** 

Tel. 62722, 62723 38141, 22565 tix. 21635 P.O. Box 2143

AIR & SEA FREIGHT

TRAVEL & TOURISM

Philadelphia

Rent-A-Car

**ALL NEW CARS** 

Philadelphia Hotel

Tel. 25194



ORIENT TRANSPORT So advertise in this



## **AQABA**



Tel. 2426 Tix. 62263 JQ

MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant **AQABA** Amman road beside Samir Amis Restaurant

Tel. 4633

## **MISCELLANEOUS**



those entitledi

Civil Defence St. Tel. 63890

Scandinavian Room
See the latest in Danish sitting room furniture, wall units and bedrooms at Scandinavian Showroom. We have a large selection of aitting rooms in luxurious Chintz material Furniture evallable tax-free t



Shmeisani, near Tower Hotel **KU**25 VISIT THE NEW

FINLANDIA

**HOME & OFFICE FURNITURE** 

SHOWROOM DISTINCTIVE GIFTS OF ALL SORTS FINNISH DESIGN GLASS & EARTHENWARE

Our new Tel. No. 39494 See map for directions.

# Oil glut hits OPEC hard

# African output may drop by 50%

BAHRAIN, July 12 (R)—OPEC of crude as the kingdom maintains giant tankers at sea, hoping to to customers rather than buy more countries are under growing pressure to cut their refined oil product prices as Saudi Arabia maiotains its campaign to force down crude oil prices, oil industry analysts said today.

The threat to prices comes from oil companies which buy Saudi Arabian oil, which at \$32 a barrel is the cheapest in OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries).

These companies, which formerly owned the Arabian American Oil Company (ARAMCO), have access to abundant supplies

production at a near-record 10.3 million barrels a day (b/d).

The analysts said that in the past couple of weeks some of the socalled ARAMCO partners -Exxon, Texaco, Standard Oil Company of California and Mobil had begun to deliver surplus crude to their refineries.

This provided them with refined products at up to four dollars less than the cheapest alternative OPEC oils and about eight dollars lower than the most e. pensive.

Previously the ARAMCO partners had been stockpiling oil in make a profit if Saudi Arabia raised its official price.

But there is a limit to how much oil can be kept afloat, especially with high world interest rates making financing costly, the analysis

The new supplies of cheap refined products are making it difficult for OPEC countries' oational oil companies to justity their prices io negotiations with customers, they said.

Refining companies are also being tempted to buy cheap Saudi refined products and pass them on

### Belgium to cut budget deficit to \$5b expensive erude from other

BRUSSELS, July 12 (R) — The Belgiao government aims to limit next year's budget deficit to 200 billion francs (five billion dollars), government sources said today.

Senior ministers agreed on the target ceiling at a meeting yesterday, and Prime Minister Mark Eyskens told reporters that spending would have to be reduced by more than 100 bilion francs (\$2.5 billion).

Growing unemployment and recession have shrunk tax receipts and boosted social security spending, forcing up the budget deficit and prompting disputes between the government's Socialist and Christian Social coaitioo parmers oo how to handle

Government officials expect this year's current account budget deficit to be about 200 billion francs (\$5 billion) against an original forecast of 90 billion francs (\$2.25 billion).

Because of inflation, the target for next year represents a cut n real terms from the likely 1981 result.

# Computer diagnosis unit keeps buses on the road



Public transport buses take some punishment. Small wonder they need frequent maintenance. This mobile computer diagnosis unit, jointly developed by three manufacturers in the Federal Republic of Germany, backed by the Bonn Research

Ministry and on trial in Bochum in the Ruler, been service time to a minimum by carrying out in the hours checks that would otherwise take a coupled days and recording its findings on a computer of

# Refined fuel prices under pressure

NICOSIA, July 13 (R) — Some members of OPEC are beginning to suffer serious damage from the current world oil glut, the authoritative Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said today.

Oil output among the African members of OPEC - the Org-anisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries -- is expected to drop by more than a half in the next few months, said MEES, which is published in Cyprus.

be surprising if talks were initiated sooo between affected OPEC members and Saudi Arabia, whose refusal to cut oil productioo was mainly responsible for the

Although oo official figures are available, MEES said there were indications that production by Nigeria. Libya, Algeria aod Gaboo was likely to drop steeply.

During 1980 and the first quarter of this year output in thesecountries was slightly more than five million barrels a day (b/d), it said. But production by the four countries was expected to drop to something like 2.7 million b/d in July and probably to a sigofficantly lower figure in August and September.

MEES said Africa was oot the only pressure point io the market. Oman and neighbouring Dubai were facing a sizeable loss of volume and Mexico was said to have lost 700,000 b/d of its 1.5 million

However, MEES said OPEC members had shown no sign of wavering, in Africa or elsewhere, in their declared determination

not to reduce official price levels.

Seagram offer was announced two

weeks ago, Conoco has been wor-

king bard to find a more suitable

partner, preferably from the U.S.

the government's mooopoly (antitrust) authorities would closely

examine the proposed merger.

they expected it to be approved.

inesses ooe said.

1980 reveoues.

"Just by virtue of size, it has to

Most analysts said that although

OPEC countries and add their

The 13 OPEC countries can ref-

ine over six million barrels of

crude a day and plan to boost ref-

inery capacity in the 1980s. Saudi

Arabia has been holding its pro-

duction bigh as part of an attempt

to get OPEC to introduce a system

of indexed pricing. Saudi Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki

Yamani argues this would spare

the West from the suddeo and

unpredictable increases of the

The oewsletter said the general

OPEC view was that demand

would pick up in the autumn but

many analysts feel the current siu-

ggish demand will persist because

of the present enormous cushion

of stocks, said to be 750 million

barrels above the normal level for

the time of-year.

present ad noc pricing system.

own refmiog costs.

stock. Analysts said that since the Lynch, to change his recommendation to buy Conoco's .stock. "The fundamental analysis no longer dictates what the price of the stock will do." he said.

Analysis were equally wary of investment in Dupont's stock. Merrill Lyneh's Robert Hardiman vesterday changed his assessment of Dupont from a good short-term buy to a good long-

raise eyebrows in Washingtoo but Mr. Hardiman had expected I don't think a case can be made of it reducing competition in either Dupont to be a major beneficiary the chemical or oil and gas busfrom rising operating rates and improved selling prices in synthetic fibres during 1982 and 1983. He believed earnings would

A Dupont-Coooco merger would create the seveoth-largest have risen by 30 per ceot a year io 1982 and 1983. U.S. industrial coocern, based on.

Now with Conoco added, the oil and gas busioess will diminish oil industry for brokers Merrill the positive earnings swing," Mr. Got something on your mind?... let Jordan Times hear about it

British research firm is extended its worldwide network of "shoppers" and require occasional part-time help from a resident of Amma involving shopping for specific commonly available products in local grocery and other stores. Ability to communicate in English essential. Please with for details to Sue Pavey.

Maxwelton House 41-43 Boltro Road Haywards Heath Sussex England



Another ehemical industry ana-

lyst told Reuters: "I have taken a

look as best as I can at the new

company, and I like it a lot less

He reduced the rec-

ommendation oo Dupont's stock

from a purchase to a hold. He exp-

lained that a purchase rec-

ommendation means the stock is

expected to make an above ave-

rage performance on the market,

while hold implies a performance

in line with the general stock mar-

than the old company."

#### SITUATIONS VACANT

Dr. George F. Kawar (Dental Surgeon) req-

1. Receptionist

2. Qualified dental nurse or trainee

For work at his newly established dental surgery at Shmeisani - near Jordan Tower Hotel

For more information please phone: 43210

# The merger of the century

By Howard Luxenberg

NEW YORK, July 12 (R) — Tuesday's surprise announcement by chemical giants Dupont of a record-breaking \$7.3 billion plan to acquire the Conoco Oil Company has not stopped industry analysts from suggesting an even bigger offer may be on the way.

Analysts estimate that the assets of Cococo, the ointh largest U.S. oil company and the second largest coal producer, have a value well in excess of \$100 a share. The cash part of Dupoor's offer is \$87.50 a sbare.

A Dupoot-Coooco union would dwarf any previous merger. The largest so far was Shell Oil Com-

Do you know

We do Body work

Painting

For all makes Peugeot & others

Quality materials

craftsmanship



**United Automobiles** Trading Co., King Hussein St. Abdaly Tel. 65732



But some analysts, iocluding Eugeoe Nowak, an oil industry

pany's takeover of Belridge Oil

Company for \$3.65 billion in

expert at the brokerage house dean Witter Reynolds, believe two of Conoco's recent suitors, Canada's Seagram Company and Texaco, may decide to raise their

Mr. Nowak said the Coooco-Texaco talks collapsed only bec-

ause of disagreements between Conoco and Texaco officials.

A Texaco spokesman yesterday confirmed that the third largest U.S. oil company had held merger discussions with Coooco but said no merger offer was made. Coooco said it held discussions with various companies, includiog ooe which offered \$85 a sbare in cash.

"There probably is a 75 per cent chance the Dupont-Conoco combination will be completed, but the other 25 per ceot means there is a good chance the door still could be open to other offers," Mr. Nowak told Reuters.

Seagram, the world's largest distiller and wine producer, has eocountered strong opposition from Conoco to its offer of \$73 a share for 41 per ceot of Coooco's stock. Analysts said that since the

Seagram, the world's largest distiller and wine producer, has encouotered strong opposition from Coooco to its offer of \$73 a ause of the Dupoot offer, not bec-share for 41 per ceot of Coooco's

#### The uncertainties have led Constantine Fliakos, who follows the

# SITE ACCOUNTANT

International contracting company requires site accountant for civil engineering project in Jordan. The successful candidate will control all site accounting and must be capable of producing monthly financial operating reports to a strict timetable. Previous site accounting experience in a similar role will be a distinct advantage, and professional qualification is desirable. All accounting records will be maintained in English. Please send C.V. with full details of experience and qualifications to the company accountant - P.O. Box 61 Tila' Al Ali, Amman.

To Construction Contracting Co.

WANTED

**FURNISHED FLAT** 

FOR RENT

Deluxe furnished flat, three bedrooms, receiving room,

dining room, sitting room, glassed-in veranda. Cen-

Location: Shmeisani

Call: 812500

y heated with private telephone.

1-Executive secretary-with five years experience, fluent English-Jordanian or expatriate and can do typing. 2- Assistant administrative officer, experience five years, preferable who practised such job with contracting com-

N.B. Posts in Amman - and good salaries. Please apply to: Tel. 22077, P.O. Box 1517, Amman - Jordan.

**FURNISHED HOUSE** 

**FOR RENT** 

Consists of two bedrooms, sitting and dining room.

Centrally heated with a small garden. Located upon a

hill in a quiet area; closed to the University car ent-

Please call: 37162 after 2 p.m.

**FURNISHED APARTMENT** 

FOR RENT

Deluxe furnished apartment in Shmeisani consisting

of two bedrooms, joint dining and sitting room with

If interested contact: Tel. 66987, from 9 a.m. - 1

telephone. Centrally heated.

p.m., 3 p.m. - 5 p.m.

#### **DELUXE APARTMENT FOR RENT**

Ground floor apartment consists of three bedrooms. salon, two bathrooms. Centrally heated with garden

Location: Shmeisani.

Tel. 64137/8/9, Ommar Khayyam Restaurant, from 9 a.m. - 12 noon, 3 - 5 p.m.

#### IN SHMEISANI near Middle East Hotel

TO LET

Furnished villa with three bedrooms, large salon, dining room, two bathrooms, central heating, garden and

> Tel: 813237 from 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

#### SMALL APARTMENT FOR RENT

One bedroom, spacious hall with accessories. Centrally heated with separate entrance and garden.

Annual rent: JD 1200

Jabai Amman, Fourth Circle, near Katmoun Grocery. Tel. 51190, 44925

# Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 6 3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by

the Jordan Times.

1. Full payment in cash or check accompanies the adver-

4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only he assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or a an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their als by mail on the following conditions:

> 5. For the minimum price of JD 6, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres as per columns, which will have a maximum of 30 work including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The ID 6 charge is for one insertion; two inserting cost JD 12, three insertions cost JD 18, etc.

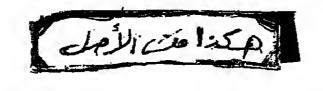
> 6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 19

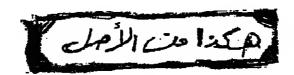
7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertises by mail facility by completing the from below and mains it with full payment in cash or check to:

**Advertising Department** The Jordan Times. P.O.Box 6710,

(write one word only per box - please print)

	-	
		·
		-
	·	





OSis omen's superiority gives USSR victory

INGRAD, July 12 (A.P.) — A stronger fermine contingent ted the Soviet Union to overall victory over the United States in p-day U.S.-USSR athletics meeting. Competing directly for the time since 1978 in Berkeley. California—when the Americans 119 to 102 - the two finished within 26 points of one another , with the host country ahead. Although the U.S. men's team ctorious over the Soviets by 118 to 105, a clearly superior women's team (99 to 60) was enough to overcome the Among the performances to mark this second and final day season's world best in the high jump. Alexei Demianuk of the Union cleared 2.33 metres outside competition, before makattempt against the world record of 2.36 m held by East nany's Gerd Wessig. The 23-year-old Ukranian failed to make but at 2.33 he set the world's fifth best mark and improved his best performance by 0.11 m. David McKenzie of the Unned is set a national record in the hammer with a toss of 72.30 m. was good enough to earn him third place in an event won by icehampion and world record bolder Yuri Seydykh of the

# Davis Cup results

NDON, July 12 (R) — Wimbledon champion McEnroe gave United States an unbeatable 3-1 lead over Czechoslovakia, holders, when he crushed Tomas Smid 6-3, 6-1, 6-4 in the first use singles of the Davis Cup tennis quarter final in New York

Americans will meet Australia, who beat Sweden 3-1 in stad, in the semifinals later this year. Argentina, 3-2 winners Romania in Timisoara, and Britain, whose trek to Chror semifinal.

The Czechoslovak number one, in the opening singles Friday while for Smid it was a second overwhelming defeat. He routed by Jimmy Connors in straight sets two days ago.

weden's prospects of beating Australia without Bjorn Borg red mexpectedly yesterday when Hans Simonsson and And-[11] Jaerryd beat Peter McNamara and Paul McNamee, one of the st formidable doubles pairings in tennis.

They still looked good when teenager Mats Wilander took the ening set off McNamee in the first of today's reverse singles.

t McNamee rallied for a 2-6, 6-4, 6-0, 6-4 win and with stralia holding an unassailable 3-1 lead, the final singles beten McNamara and Per Hjertqvist was called off when rain rvened at 6-6 in the first set.

inillermo Vilas made victory safe for Argentina but dropped a in beating Romania's Florin Segarceanu 6-4, 6-4, 3-6, 6-1. Ch irm ardo Cano retired with a hand injury at one-set all against drei Dirzu in the last match, giving Romania their second point

> ritain were the only country to go into the final day with ory assured and they pulled ahead 4-0 when Richare Lewis t Christ Lewis 6-2, 6-2, the New Zealander performing so essly that he later apologised to the crowd. Russell Simpson red New Zealand's solitary point, beating Jonathon Smith, iding in for the injured buster Mottram, 4-6, 11-9, 6-2 in the

### GOREN BRIDGE

yon hold:

**↑AKJ52** ♥K8 ◆84 **◆9852** 

The hidding has proceeded: West North East South

1 Pass 1NT Pass

What action do you take?

A .- A. The only action you

might contemplate is a raise

to three hearts, but you don't

have quite enough. Partner

has already hid your values!

Bear in mind that he was not

atrong enough to overcall one

heart, and is only backing in-

to the auction now because

the opponents, by allowing

the auction to die at one no

trump, have told him that

you have reasonable strength Pass.

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as

+Q5 ♥AK873 ♦954 +AJ6.

Tha bidding has proceeded:

North East South West 1 Pass 2 Pass

A.-There are many

minimum opening hids that

partner might have which

will produce twelve tricks op-

posite your holding-your

queen of apades is a very im-

the issue because you need

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

Pass Pass 1 + Pass

What action do you take?

A .- Just to see how much

in this column, we present a

problem similar to one posed

minimum opening bid and

Game is out of the question,

and you have no reason to

than hearts. After all, you

in your suit. Pass.

South you hold:

2 ♥ Pass ?

South yon hold:

3 ♥ Pass ?

What do you bid now?

Pass 2 ♥ Pass ?

CHARLES IL GOREN ) NS VACE 1981 by Chicago Tribune

> -Both vulnerable, as h you hold: [1062 ♥83 ♦AJ7 **4Q**J5 bidding has proceeded: h West North East Pass 2 7 Pass

> > ... t do you bid now?

Prohably the one pirass share of your hand that is e least interest to parts the fact that you have spades, so don't waste tima rehidding two es. Tell partner that you a balanced hand with pers in the unbid suits. d two no trump. If part-

has an unbalanced hand three or more spades, an still bid three spades Her you a choice of con-

-Neither vulnerable, as h you hold: .s/6. ♥A10752 ♦963 ♣Q4 hidding has proceeded: h West North East Pass 1 ♥ 1 ◆

t do you bid now? " Your five-card trump ort looks attractive, hut cality it does little to nce the value of your . Your hand is riddled losers, and the queen of s might be worthless. A raise to two hearts does le justice to your ng. If that doesn't draw her bid from partner, chances of missing are slight.

East-West vulnerable, uth von hold: 05 ♥AKQ4 ◊ Q1073 + Q5 pidding has proceeded: North East South Pass Pass Dhle.

2 Pass ? action do you take? to you really think that ive a chance for game? en you and West, you ccount for at least 38 If partner held most of issing values, he would. · have passed your douou can expect partner. ve five or more hearts ttle in the way of high Pass, and hope that ave enough to enable

er to make two hearts.

the Premier Division AMMAN, July 12 (J.T.) - Wihthe 1-0 lead Wihdat struck like lightning two minutes later with a

goal by defender Walid Qandil to

The winning goal for Wihdat

came towards the end of the first

half when Al Ahli's goalkeeper

could not save a magnificent shot

The second half saw no goals

from Wihdat's Muthafar Jarrar.

although both teams kept up the

shythm generated in the first half.

The second half was highlighted

by a brilliant save by Wihdat's goa-

lkeeper Basem Taeim who is rep-

Wihdat picked up two very well

deserved points to share the lead

uted to be one of the hardest goa-

lkeepers to beat.

in the Premier Division.

level the score at 1-1.

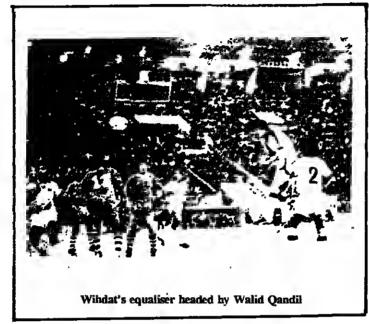
Ramtha, Wihdat lead

dat F.C. share the top position in the Premier Division with Ramtha F.C. with maximum points at the end of the second week of the football season.

Wihdat returned to their last season form last night and defeated Al Ahli F.C. 2-1 in a thrilling match played in front of a capacity crowd at the Sports City Stadium.

Al Ahli took the lead in the 13th minute of the first half as a result of a misunderstanding between Wihdat's goalkeeper and defender Mustafa Ayouh who scored an own goal to put Al Ahli 1-0 in the lead.

While Ahli were still rejoicing



PREMIER DIVISION STANDINGS

	G	w	D	L	F	A	Pts.
1. Ramtha	2	2	0	0	7	1	4
2. Wihdat	2	2	.0	0	3	1	4
3. Jazeera	2	1	1	Ō	3	Õ	3
4. Faisally	2	1	1	Ö	2	Ö	3
5. Al Abli	2	1	Ö	ĩ	4	• 4	2
6. Hussein	2	1	0	1	5	6	2 ·
7. Ein Farem	2	1	0	î	2	3	2
8. Orthodox	2	Ö'	Ō	2	2	4	ō
9. Al Jeil	2	Ö	0	2	1	3	Õ
10. Amman	2	Ö	0	2	Õ	7	Õ
	-						

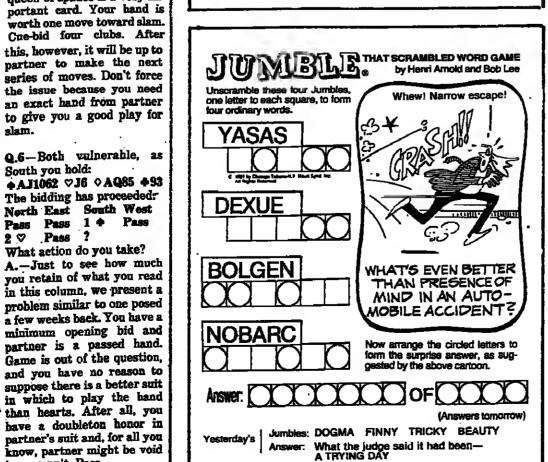
G — Games played, W — wins, D — Draws L — loses, F — goals for, A — against

#### Americans hit back at the Czechs

FLUSHING MEADOW. New York. July 12 (A.P.) - Veteran doubles pair Stan Smith and Boh Lutz gave the United States a 2-1 lead over Czechoslovakia in their Davis Cup quarter-final tie here yesterday. The Wimhledon doubles finalists, aged 35 and 34, took just one hour and 42 minutes to dispose of younger Czech pair Ivan Lendl and Tomas Smid 9-7, 6-3, 6-2.



'Gosh, I live with my folks eight years and just when I think I can trust 'am, they pull THIS on me!"



### Baseball talks stalemated

NEW YORK, July 12 (A.P.) — Negotiations in the 30-day-old U.S. major League basehall strike broke down yesterday after management rejected a settlement presented by federal mediator Kenneth Moffett.

The two sides met for about two hours yesterday morning and for about the same time in the afternoon before talks were recessed. "We're temporarily stalemated," said Moffett, whose proposal presented Thursday had appeared to signal signs of progress in the strike, which may cancelled 377 games since June 12.

Marvin Miller, executive director of the striking Players Union. said, "The meeting in the afternoon was as close to being useless as possible." Miller said that after rejecting the mediator's proposal, which the union had previously accepted, management sent word through Moffett that unless the players had a new proposal, "they did not care to meet."

### Seb Coe sets new record

OSLO, July 12 (R) - Sebastian Coe of Britain strengthened his world record for 1,000 metres here last night, then said he planned to go for the mile and 1,500 metres records held by compatriot Sieve

Ovett, meanwhile, failed in an attempt to break his own record for the mile of 3:48.80 when he was timed in 3:49.24 at the Bislett Stadium here.

Coe, running alone for the last half of his race, clocked two minutes 12.15 seconds, shattering the previous mark of 2:13.40 he set here a year ago. "Now we can look logically at the 1,500 and mile records in a few week's time and maybe end the season with a full house." the British star said.

Coe, the Olympic 1.500 metres champion, also broke his own world record for 800 metres last month with a time of 1:41.72 in

#### **Peanuts**









### **Andy Capp**





YOU'RE TOO LATE, MATE



### Mutt'n' Jeff



#### FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JULY 13, 1981

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Start the week right by overcoming whatever obstacles that are keeping you from getting ahead. Study career matters so that you can achieve greater success in the future.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) There could be a delay in matters you have counted on, but keep busy in other activities for the time being. Be patient. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Listen carefully to what

an associate has to say because if you misunderstand this person, there could be trouble. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You may begin tha new

week without the data you need, but later you can obtain the necessary information. Be logical. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You could be in a self-pitying mood and this could prove destructive, so count your blessings and be thankful.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Try to change conditions around you so that you can have more success and happiness. Show more devotion to loved one.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Now is the time to hold steadfast to ideas that will help you gain your goals, Sidestep one who likes to gossip. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Showing others that you a

good citizen is important as the new weeks begins. Take time to study projects that could be profitable. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Engaging in new in-

terests at this time could be dangerous, so wait for a better time. Don't neglect to pay your bills.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be sure to keep promises you've made even though you are tempted to change your mind. Be less suspicious of others. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Find out what

associates expect of you and do your best to please them. Make plans to have greater success. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You may feel like

postponing an undersirable task, but this would be foolish of you. Keep busy and it will soon be behind you. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Some recrea9ion you desire

is fine, provided you don't empty your wallet. Be sure to take needed health treatments.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be able to solve just about everything of a mechanical nature, but if your progeny becomes involved in emotional affairs, there could be headaches. Teach to be objective. There's a deep spiritual nature here.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel," What you make of your life is largely up to youl

THE Daily Crossword by Stanley B. Whitten

truit

64 Sallor

63 Great Lake

65 Get away

66 Desires

1 Smell 2 Star of

**DOWN** 

a kind

3 Energy

abbr.

Tansion

Explosion

org. 30 Overact

(helped, in a way)

Loser to DDE

35 Pronoun

37 John or

Jane

39 - tor the

show

44 Hallowed

38 Glow

31 Extra

32 - over

ACROSS 1 Wallat 28 That is: 54 Expression ical key 27 Aratat's ot grief 58 Shady Lat. 33 Sea bird items 61 Shortly 62 Citrus group 29 Patriotic 5 Whipper-34 **M**um 35 Garlicsnappers 10 Hebrides

tlavored shrlmp isiand 36 Moderata 14 Blockhead 40 Fuli of: 15 Flower 16 Midday suff. 41 Sheep 42 Three, in

abbr.

**Impartial** 

unsound bualness Naples 43 Burdens 20 Milers or 44 Ralative: sprinters

21 in a banai way 22 Rested 23 Stalk 24 Stick-up

47 Binds 49 — - Magnon 50 Most

spot 45 Woman, in 7 MacGraw 8 Shred 46 Michigan 9 Fright governor. 10 Monogram once part: abbr. 11 Move imper 48 Fiber plant 49 identical progeny 50 To-do ceptibly 51 Wild ox 52 Hero

13 A Griffith 16 Demo or 19 Nazi atrocitv slta 23 Marijuana cigarattes 24 Blood: pref.

53 Tom Berlin 60 Fish

55 Raison d'— 56 No, in 57 — hien 59 Big bird

31981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. Nawa Synd. Inc. All Rights Resarved

# WORLD

# British riots degenerate into pure hooliganism

LONDON, July 12 (R) — The British government today considered harsh new measures to stamp out rioting as violence spread to more English towns and cities. Political sources said special courts could be introduced to punish rioters swfitly. Last night petrol bombs were thrown and stores looted in at least 19 towns.

In London, which was worst hit by rioting on Friday night, violence was limited to running fights between youths and police in the Brixton area and to petrol bomb attacks on shops in Battersea.

About 160 people were arrested in London, a third of the previous night's total, and nine policemen were injured. There were no reports of serious injuries among civilians.

Police throughout England moved in at the first sign of trouble of the ninth night of rioting, which they described as increasing motivated by criminal hooliganism.

#### Copycat riots

"Copycat" riots, which the political sources said bore no apparent links with the first outbreaks of violence in London, Liverpool and Manchester a week ago, spread to the north-west seaside resort of Blackpool and the northern

Liverpool and Moss side in Manindustrial towns of Leeds, Halifax chester where community leaders blamed a cumulation of frustration over unemployment and the decaying environment.

Mrs. Thatcher agreed that the pattern of violence had changed, the informed sources said.

In the fishing port of Hull police

described a frenzy of window bre-

aking as pure hooliganism, unr-

elated to anything else. Elsewhere

cars were overturned and police

attacked with bricks and bottles.

Four policemen in Southampton

were injured when their car was

stoned and crashed. Police in Lei-

cester said acid was thrown at

Prime Minister Margaret Tha-

cher spent much of the night with

police watching them deal with

told by Home Secretary (interior

minister! William Whitelaw that

the rioting should be stamped on

The violence began just over week ago with racial fighting bet-

ween white neo-fascist youths and Asians in Southall, West London.

It spread to the slums of Texteth in

Informed sources said she was

troubles in London.

hard, fast and sharp.

Commentators have blamed the later outbreaks on greed by both black and white looters. They say unemployment is not the only cause when some of the rioters are aged 10 and less.

Political sources said the government may announce this week special courts to deal with what police have increasingly described as criminal attacks.

The proposal is intended to impress riotets by swift and heavy sentences. Courts could meet wit-

hin hours of a tiot and those accused would be deprived of their right to trial by jury. Former chief officer Sir Robert Mark called yesterday for the process to be speeded up. "Punishment a year after the offence is of little deterrent value," he said.

But the Sunday Times commented: "One would have thought that experience in Northern Ireland would have been sufficient lesson that such perversions of the judical system corrupt the system and alienate the people."

A political debate grew meanwhile on measures to prevent riots from recurring.

The Labour Party has blamed the Conservative government's monetarist policy and a rise in unemployment to 2.68 million for the unrest. It has said it would reflate the economy.

Left-wing politician Tony Benn told a workers' seminar that mass youth unemployment in decaying inner city areas had created a vast social problem that should be countered by a campaign for ren-

ewal and increased spending. Mts. Thatcher denies unemployment caused the trouble and Leon Brillan, the chief secretary for the treasury, told a rally that reflation would prevent Britain form recovering from rec-

The government would look at the needs of inner city areas, he said. "But we would be deluding ourselves and would soon be sadly disillusioned if we imagined that problems of this magnitude and character can be solved simply by throwing money indiscriminately

#### Moscow's feelings towards the crucial Warsaw meeting were indicated in a Soviet television report from the Polish capital which said orthodox Marxist-Leninists in the party faced a difficult political str-

Television correspondent Alexander Kaverznev, serting the scene for the start of the congress on Tuesday, said views held by some delegates on basic Communist principles were of the kind

once branded by Lenin as "opp-

MOSCOW, July 12 (R) — The

Soviet Union displayed fresh signs

of concern over the weekend at

the choice of delegates to Poland's

emergency Communist Party con-

gress but seemed to be reserving

judgment on the likely outcome.

His comments were seen here as reflecting deep Soviet suspicions of the way delegates were elected by free ballot, rather than being appointed from above as in the

#### Gloomy forecast

Poland's most respected unofficial study group, the DIP experience and future forum, issued a gloomy report on the eve of the congress saying the scenario was unfavourable for reform.

"Again there has appeared the thesis that the most dangerous opponent is revisionism." the rep-

The whole experience of the history of post-war Poland indicates that whenever this slogan is reached for, the party is taken over by the groups most opposed to changes.

DIP, an independent group of academics and intellectuals who accurately forecast the labour rebellion last summet, described the situation in Poland as one of

"Society constantly awaits something, expecting constructive action and catastrophe... it awaits the result of the congress but also awaits intervention. This condition of waiting and uncertainty is des-tructive for people," the report

DIP said the reform movement in Poland represented the last hope for political and economic reformation in the Soviet bloc and

that its failure would have fatal

results for Communist and left-

Social neurosis in Poland

Scope for reforms;

Poles are skeptical

wing movements throughout the world. The television report contrasted with virtual silence in the official press on the run-up to the congress, which would normally

#### Minimum demands

command wide publicity.

The Communist Party daily Pravada devoted just one paragraph to Poland, recalling a pledge to strengthen Soviet bloc unity which was included in the Soviet-Polish communique on Mr. Gromyko's talks.

Some Western diplomats feel that statement implied that Moscow had scaled down its demands on the Polish leadership to a bare minimum -- that Poland should remain committed to the Warsaw

The diplomats also believe the Soviet Union has had to abandon any hope that Polish Communist leader Stanislaw Kania might be replaced by a more acceptable hardliner.

The reference in the television report to Warsaw's refusal to make further concessions was the first remotely favourable comment made here for some time on the Polish leadership.

The implication seemed to be that Warsaw leaders had at least partly heeded a Kremlin letter which last month rebuked them for failing to rebuff "the enemies of socialism."

The letter, from the Soviet Communist Party central committee, said attempts might be made at the congress to "defeat decisively the Marxist-Leninist forces of the party in order to liquidate it."

Similar warnings are still cehoing through news media elsewhere in the Soviet bloc, but Moscow itself now seems to have opted for a less strident approach in public.

### 5 Pakistani troops killed by Indians

**WORLD NEWS BRIEFS** 

NEW DELHI, July 12 (R) — Indian troops killed five Paksani soldiers during an exchange of tite across the burder at Poonchie north-west India, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agent reported today. PTI said the exchange took place yesterday the Pakistani soldiers fired without provocation. The two counties, which have fought three wars since 1947, share a disputed coated line in Kashmir. PTI also quoted unnamed detence analysts saving Pakistan had deployed 350,000 troops -- 15 infantry and two armoured divisions, three artiflery brigades and 15 ar del ence regiments -- along its border with India.

#### Naples gang war claims 100th victim

NAPLES, July 12 (R) - A vicious gang war in Naples claimed in 100th victint of the year today when a butcher who tefused tops protection money was machine-gunned to death in his shop pulice said. Two customers were slightly wounded. The war baween rival gangs in the Naples area has reached an unprecedental ferocity this year, with hundreds of armed criminals fighting for control of drugs, prostitution, contraband and protection, La week, eight bystunders were wounded by indiscriminate gualing when a gangster was shot dead. Police believe that the increase is violence is due to an attempt by new gang leaders to force the way into the territory of Don Raffaele Cutolo, jailed leader of the Neapolitan underworld, the Camorra, thought to command a cral hundred men from his prison cell.

#### U.S. screenwriters make a deal

LOS ANGELES, July 12 (R) - U.S. screenwriters have any ounced a tentative settlement of their three-month strike against major film and television studios. The agreement came yeslends: 12 days after film directors called off a strike which could be paralysed the industry. Studios had piled up scripts before in writers' strike began on April 11. But the striking Writers' Gud of America, which has 8,850 members, said its strike could have delayed part of the new U.S. television season in the autumn. The Guild's board of directors is expected to recommend that men bers approve the settlement, a Guild official said. Under its terms announced by chief Guild negotiator Gary Ellingsworth, the so ters will receive a share of revenues from home video casseness films and films shows on television stations which charge views to watch. Writers will receive two per cent of the gross terept after the producers recoup their costs, Mt. Ellingsworth said. The directors and actors, who staged an 11-week strike last year, an also to receive a share of the money. Writers will also receive minimum pay increases totalling 44 per cent over the next lost years, Mr. Ellingsworth added,

#### Vietnam denies using nerve gas

HONG KONG, July 12 (R) - Vietnam denied today that & troops had used toxic chemicals during the invasion of Knit puchea late in 1978. The Vietnam News Agency quoted the Vietnamese foreign ministry as saying: "This is a sheer his rication.... the ministry for foreign affairs flatly refutes that sender." At a press conference in Bangkok last Thursday sponsored by the Thai military. Capt. Nguyen Quan, formerly attached in the Vietnamese fifth army division in western Kanipuchea and that the Vietnamese had used nerve gas in Kampuchea. He sho said that four of the 21 Vietnamese divisions in Kumpuchea and

### Grenada's 'Gang of 26'

ST. GEORGE'S, Grenada, July 12 (A.P.) - Grenadian security forces arrested four persons yesterday, including the editor of the recently shut down Grenadian Voice, for their alleged connection: "with a CIA plot to overthrow the people's revolutionary government," a government statement said. The four were identified as Leslie Pierre of the newspaper, Noel, Tilman Thomas and Stanley Roberts. All are residents of Grenada. The statement said the four belonged to a group called "The Gang of 26" which has been staging "an overall plan" to overthrow Maurice Bishop's Marxist government. The plan included "A campaign of propaganda destabilisation locally and in the region and "acts of economic sabotage by certain elements of the business community" in coordination with "attempted destruction of the Grenadian economy" by the U.S. government, the statement said The statement said the group's "Final offensive would be open acts of violence linked to a mercenary attack for which mercenaries are right now being trained in Miami and other parts of the United States." The statement said Pierre was held for questioning when "pamphlets advocating the overthrow of the Grenada government," and a list of "crimmal elements" and government opponents were found in his briefcase. The two were released unbarmed about five hoors later.

# EEC on Afghanistan -ready to compromise?

By Nicholas Bray

BRUSSELS, July 12 (R) - European Economic Community (EEC) foreign ministers, who meet here tomorrow, are to discuss what to do next in their efforts to get Soviet ttoops out of Afghanistan, according to EEC sou-

A British-inspired proposal for an international confetence. aimed at getting the Soviet Union to withdraw its 85,000 troops from Afghanistan, has been icily received by Moscow.

Lasi Friday, Soviet Foreign Ministet Andrei Gromyko was quoted by the official Tass news agency as dismissing the idea as unrealistic and unacceptable.

British Foreign Secretary Lord

Carrington took details of the proposals, which were formally adopted by the 10 EEC countries late last month, to the Kremlin last Monday in a hurriedly arranged meeting with Mr. Gromyko. Lotd Carrington hoped that the

Soviet Union would agree to negotiations because of international disapproval of its presence in Afghanistan and the difficulties it is facing there.

Diplomats in London have indicated that Lord Carrington intends to keep up the pressure for negotiations on Afghanistan des-

nite Moscow's chilly reaction. "The proposal remains on the table." Lord Carrington told the European Parliament in Strasbourg last week, just after his

return from his Moscow visit. Britain, which took over the six-monthly presidency of the EEC at the start of this month, has set its sights on a successful EEC initiative on Afghanistan as a demonstration of the value of united EEC diplomacy.

During tomorrow's talks the 10 EEC foreign ministers will review progress so far and discuss what to do next, EEC sources said.

There appears to be virtually no chance that the Soviet Union will agree to Afghanistan talks in the near future.

MOSCOW, July 12 (R) - The

Soviet Union poured scorn today

on the forthcoming international

conference on Kampuchea, dep-

icting the meeting as part of a con-

spiracy against Phnom Penh by

The Cummunist Party daily

Prayda said the conference, which

opens at the United Nations tom-

orrow, represented a "violation of

state soverignty (and) an enc-

roachment on one of the basic pri-

neiples of contemporary int-

Politicians who set out to dis-

cuss the problems of a third cou-

ntry which had its own con-

stitution and elected government

could be motivated only by ill will,

The commentary, latest in a ser-

ies of Soviet press attacks on the

conference, said details of the

"American-Chinese conspiracy"

against Kampuchea were worked

out when U.S. Secretary of State

Alexander Haig visited Peking in

U.S. and Chinese tactics inc-

luded arming reactionary groups

ernational relations."

Pravda said.

the United States and China.

on Kampuchea issue

But the EEC's diplomatic drive.

backed by the United States and maior Asian countries, could now be shifted to the United Nations in

the hope of winning broader sup-The EEC proposal is for a twostage conference involving the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council -- Britain, China, France, the Soviet Union and the United States - plus India, Iran

and Pakistan. . Afghanistan would only take part in the second stage of the con-

The first stage would discuss the Soviet Union's position that it intervened in Afghanistan to ward off outside interference.

Moscow has cited the exclusion of Afghan President Babrak Karmal's Marxist government from the first stage of the talks as one of its main objections to the pro-British officials have indicated

that this may be one area where compromise is possible, although Lord Carrington made it clear in Strasbourg that Afghan resistance movements would have to be represented if Mr. Karmal took part.

After tomorrow's discussions with EEC foreign ministers, Lord Carrington is scheduled to visit Washington for talks with U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig later this week.

He will also meet other foreign ministers at a U.N. conference on Kampuchea in New York.

According to British officials, he aims to get sufficient backing for the Afghan problem to be tab-led at the U.N. General Assembly next September, where Lord Carrington and Mr. Gromyko are due to meet again.

Mr. Haig will also meet Mr. Gromyko at the annual U.N. assembly, for the first time since the Reagan administration came to

Moscow's future intentions in Afghanistan could become a major issue as the U.N. diplomats suggest that the Soviet Union's controversial presence in Afghanistan could become linked to wider discussions on overall East-West relations.

growing international authority, Peking and Washington could

only "whip up in the intercational

arena a 'Kampuchean problem'

already solved by the Kam-

puchean people themselves,"

The commentary seemed cle-

arly aimed at justifying the boy-

cott of the conference by the Sov-

jet Union and its Communist all-

ies, including the Heng Samrin

government in Phnom Penh, and

at countering the idea that the meeting had U.N. authority.

persuading Vietnam to pull its for-

ces out of Kampuchea, has come

from the Association of South

East Asian Nations (ASEAN)

which groups Thailand, Malaysia,

Singapore, Indonesia and the Phi-

Much of the mitiative, aimed at

Pravda said.

## Pope appeals for lives of Red Brigades captives

VATICAN CITY, July 12 (R) - Pope Juhn Paul II appealed indirectly to Red Brigades guerrillas today to release three people they are holding prisoner, two of whom they have "condemned to

The Pope's appeal was recorded in his hospital suite and broadcast in St. Peter's square as part of his regular Sunday blessing. "All kidnapped people are always in my heart, particularly those threatened with death," he said, after expressing bis grief at the Brigades murder last week of a chemical firm executive they had been holding bostage.

"In the name of God, I turn to those in whose hands are the lives of these brothers, to ask them to desist from their feroclous proposals," he said.

The Pope, recovering in hospital from the attempt on his life an May 13, did not mention Italy's most notorious guerrillas by name, but Vatican observers said he was clearly addressing them. The appeal recalled the late Pope Paul VI's gesture in 1978.

when he begged the Brigades "on my knees" to free statesman Aldo Moro. The guerrillas ignored bim and murdered the former prime minister. The Brigades have announced that two of their captives, Mr. Ciro Cirillo, a Naples politician, and Mr. Roberto Peci, the brother

of a guerrilla turned informer bave been sentenced to death. A third prisoner, Alfa-Romeo car manager Renzo Sandrucci, is still being interrogated by the Brigades. But Mr. Cirillo, whose wife appealed to the Pope for help last

rehouse several thousand Neapolitans who lost their homes in the earthquake last November. The government minister responsible, Mr. Giuseppe Zamberletti, also promised to pay special benefits to the unemployed

week, could yet be saved following official decisions yesterday to

## Police raid IRA bomb factory, arrest 3 men

BELFAST. July 12 (Agencies) -Police seized hundreds of pounds of explosives last night and claimed to have captured an Irish Republican Army bomb factory in West Belfast in the latest of a string of security force successes against guerrillas in Northern Ire-

A police spokesman said that officers raided a building after noting "unusual activity" and arrested at least three suspected bombers as security authorities

braced for a major IRA attack. The spokesman gave few details, but said the explosives were found in beer kegs indicating that the guerrillas were preparing for bombing attacks across the city following the capture of suspected gunmen in recent raids. The spokesman said two of the

men were grabbed as they tried to flee across the roof. The other was captured as he attempted to escape through a window. The building stands close to the gathering point for tomorrow's

annual July 12 Protestant march, which celebrates William of Orange's 1692 victory over Catholic forces at the Battle of the Boyne. Earlier, police arrested two suspected IRA guerrillas after a part-time Ulster Defence Reg-

iment soldier foiled a bombing

mission in a village near the bor-

der with the Irish Republic.

# The powers behind Maria Peron's release

By David Cemlyn-Jones

Soviets rap U.S., China BUENOS AIRES — The release from custody of former Argentine president Maria Estela Peron has helped ease political tensions in a country crippled by economic cri-

operating against Kampuchea from Thailand, as well as stepping up political, economic and mil itary pressure on Kampuchea's Mrs. Peron, 50, who arrived in Spain today, spent more than five Vietnamese and Laorian allies, it years in detention after ber tottering government was overthrown by the army in 1976. But she is still regarded by the vast majority of Peronists as the leader of their movement, Argentina's most pow-Confronted by Kampuchea's

Mrs. Peron, better known in Argentina by her stage name of Isabel, succeeded her busband Juan Domingo Peron as president on his death in 1974. But after two years of chaotic rule, aggravated by murderous street fighting between right and left-wing extremes in the deeply fragmented Peronist Party, the military took power in a

At the time the armed forces' action was widely accepted by Argentines sickened by continuous violence, inefficient government and economic chaos. The military promised to wipe out extremist terror and proclaimed

a national reorganisation aimed at restoring stable democratic rule to a country toro by political upheavals for most of this century. The military succeeded in wiping out guerrilla activity but their methods, bolstered by dictatorial laws, tarnished Argentina's rep-

utation abroad. The military has been less successful in solving Argentina's economic problems and in convincing the people that the fundamental principles of democracy will be restored.

Mrs. Peron - who married Gen. Peron in 1961, nine years after the death of his second wife Eva, had been under house arrest pending several charges of fraud and mishandling public funds. The government's critics saw her prolonged detention, marked by complex legal farings, as a bid by the military to undermine the whole Peronist movement.

Since 1976 all political activity has been banned, anti-strike laws have been introduced and virtual press censorship imposed. But as the military government has increasingly shown an inability

to come to grips with severe economic problems, political parties, unions and industrialists have been clamouring for a return to civilian

The Perenist movement agreed with Argentina's other political parties, including the key Centrist Radical Party, to form a united front to press the government into allowing prompt general elections. But it insisted that the continued detention of Mrs. Peron would impede any dialogue with the military. A resolution of this impasse seemed in prospect last March when

Gen. Roberto Viola, a moderate who was open to discussion with

politicians, was appointed president for a three-year term. Shortly before he was sworn in, cases pending against Mrs. Peron were transferred from military to civilian jurisdiction. Political sources said, however, that hardliners in the armed forces opposed Mrs. Peron's release on grounds that the fight against the far

left had not been completed and that she would become a rallying figure for the tempestuous Peronists. President Viola's first months in office were marked by considerable political uncertainty prompted by rumours of infighting

between moderates and hardliners in the armed forces. But earlier this month President Viola's position was strengthened when Gen. Leopoldo Galtieri, the key figure in the military junta, publicly declared his support for him. This was accompanied by a slight improvement in the badly strained economy.

Then Mrs. Peron, having finally been sentenced to seven years and II months in prison, was declared eligible for parole since she had spent more than two-thirds of the sentence period in confinement. She was granted conditional liberty last Monday, a move described by political sources as a personal victory for President Viola and factions in the armed forces seeking a way of gracefully withdrawing

from the political scene. The release paved the way for talks between the military and the

The largely Conservative Roman Catholic Church in Argentina, which had become critical of the government, was believed to have been influential in obtaining Mrs. Peron's release. Reuter



Former Argentine President Maria Estela Peron leaves a domin Madrid shop hours after her arrival in the Spanish capital last Friday (A.P. Wirephoto)

